Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JULY 5, 1869. NUMBER 151.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

FROM EUROPE.

[By Tiegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPAIN.

LONDON, June 3.—Carlist risings are reported in Spain. In Vittoria, the streets were filled with a revolutionary mob, armed with scythes and revolvers, and shouting for Carlos and Cabrera. They murdered the Alcalde and wounded thirty citizens, many mortally. Similar risings are also reported in Carthagena and Valencia. Troops have been dispatched to suppress them.

MADRID, June 3.—In the Cortes to-day the Ministers of the Interior and Justice declared that the clergy and municipal authorities were ready and willing to take the oath prescribed by the constitution. Admiral Topete, in reply to a question, said the idea of a republic was impossible now. A monarchy had been voted and was represented by the Regent.

National troops have been dispatched against the Carlist conspirators in Andalusia and Arragon.

MADRID, July 4.—The forthcoming changes in the Ministry are freely canvassed. It is rumored that Aradaiz will be appointed Minister of Finance, and Marlos Minister of Justice.

The Government has explained that General Pezula, the Isabellist, was arrested on charges of military disobedience and conspiracy against the Government. The silence which the Government has maintained concerning General Dulce's report of his administration and of the state of affairs in Cuba cause much anxiety.

A strong Republican manifesto has been published in Seville. Its appearance was simultaneous with the departure from the city of a party of Republicans, numbering one thousand. It is rumored that they have gone to Portugal and will re-enter Spain through Estramadura. Troops have been sent in pursuit.

A number of Carlists have been arrested in Aviedo.

FRANCE.

BREST, July 3.—A despatch from the Great Eastern, dated Friday evening, states that the steamer had run 1,020 knots from Brest, and paid out 1,143 knots of cable. The insulation was continually improving.

Sixty-one more of the recent elections for members of the new Corps Legislatif have been declared valid.

BREST, July 4.—At noon on Saturday the Great Eastern had run 1,145 knots from Brest and paid out 1,281 knots of cable. Everything was working well.

PARIS, July 4.—M. Miral and several members of the majority in the Corps Legislatif propose to bring in a motion that greater development be given to the action and authority of the Corps Legislatif; that addresses in reply to the speech from the throne be re-established; that the right and practice of interpolation be organized on a large scale; that the right to amend projects of law be extended; and that the Chambers have the right to elect their own President. It is rumored the Government will accept these reforms.

Negotiations between France and Belgium for a commercial treaty have closed with a satisfactory understanding on all points.

PARIS, July 4—*Evening.*—M. Miral has withdrawn his motion for legislative reforms. The opposition in the Corps demanded a responsible Ministry and the autonomy of the Corps Legislatif in order that the country may govern the country.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 3.—The *Times*, to-day, says the votes in the House of Lords last evening have had the effect to render the Irish Church bill more favorable to the established church, and more offensively partial in its provisions.

Arch-Bishop Cullen has addressed a letter to the officers of the Catholic College saying that if the Irish Church bill is mutilated by the House of Peers, the nation must have a fuller measure of justice.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, June 3.—A vessel which has arrived here from Fayal brings intelligence that serious disturbances broke out in various parts of Azores in consequence of the increase of taxation.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, July 4.—Tthe steamship Cuba, from New York, June 23d, has arrived and will sail for Liverpool.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

PARIS, July 3.—Rentes 71 frs. 7 cent.

ANTWERP, July 3.—Petroleum firm at 49¼ frs.

LONDON, July 3—*Evening.*—Consols 92⅞. Five-Twenty Bonds do easier at 81¼. Eries 19¾. Illinois 95¼.

LIVERPOOL, July 3.—Cotton active; middling uplands 12½d; sales 15,000 bales. California white Wheat 10s; red western No. 2 8s 11d. Western Flour 53s. Corn; No. 2 mixed 28s 6d for old, and 26s 9d for new. Oats 3s 4d. Peas 38s. Provisions dull. Pork 99s. Beef 90s. Lard 71s 6d. Cheese 67s. Bacon 63s. Spirits Petroleum 7½d; refined 1s 6¼d. Tallow 44s.

LONDON, July 3—*Afternoon.*—Tallow 44s 6d. Calcutta Linseed 61s 6d. Petroleum at Antwerp 48⅝ frs.

FRANKFORT, July 4.—Bonds firm; Five-twenties at 86⅜@86⅞.

HAVRE, July 4.—Cotton closed buoyant yesterday for stock on spot and to arrive.

Contraband Sugar—Sinking of Coal Barges.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 3.—Enough of the seized sugars has been reweighed to prove fraud beyond a doubt. The schooner Andromeda, lying at Quarantine loaded with sugar consigned to Comitonac county, has been taken charge of by custom officers.

The sinking of six coal barges at Choctaw Bend by the Comet, from some unexplained cause, is undergoing investigation by the inspectors. The pilot on duty at the time of the disaster has been suspended pending the investigation.

CHICAGO.

The Powell Exploring Party—Weather in the North-west—Damage to Crops—The Craig-Sprague Breach of Promise Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 3.—There is strong reason for doubting the report of the drowning of Major Powell and his scientific explorers, notwithstanding the seemingly straightforward story of the pretended survivor, Risdon. The mother of Major Powell, who resides at Wheaton, in this State, has received a letter from him, dated May 28th. Risdon's account, published yesterday, states that the disaster to the party occurred May 18th. Major Powell did not leave Illinois until May 17th. Mrs. Powell also states that some of those alleged as having been with the the party when lost were not with the party at all. She does not credit the story, and it certainly needs further confirmation.

A dispatch from Bloomington, Ill., says that Mr. E. Gray, of this city, has received a letter from Major Powell, dated Green River City, May 24th, 1869, six days after the pretended disaster. The Risdon story is either a fabrication or he makes a mistake as to the date of the occurrence.

Sunshine and rain have alternated here to-day in a pretty lively manner, with a liberal allowance of thunder and lightning. It has been very hot, the mercury now touching ninety, and exceedingly sultry all day. Dispatches from various points in the north west, during the day, indicate the prevalence of rain, with the generally expressed fear that the crops have suffered permanent injury, particularly corn. The Illinois river has overflowed its banks all along the bottom lands resulting in serious damage. It is said that four thousand dollars worth of cattle have been drowned on an island near Seneca.

The Craig-Sprague breach of promise case, on a motion for a new trial, was before Judge Wilcox to-day at Wheaton. The motion was denied, but the Judge cut down the verdict from one hundred thousand dollars to forty thousand. An appeal has been taken to the Supreme Court by Sprague's lawyers on eight points. Dr. Beck was brought before the Judge, and he testified that he was not brought there by Sprague or any of his attorneys to testify in the case.

CINCINNATI.

Serious Railroad Accident—List of Killed and Wounded.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 4.—The construction train going north on the new Cincinnati and Louisville Short Line Railroad met with an accident at the bridge over Black Lick Creek, twelve miles from Covington.

List of killed and wounded: *Killed*—Jas. Lawson, of Covington; John Millinger, German, residing in Cincinnati. *Wounded*—Samuel Walker, of Zanesville, Ohio, dangerously; Jacob Free, South Covington, slightly; Frank Morgan, boy, Cincinnati, skull fractured; Hugh Roddy, Cincinnati, seriously, leg and head; Jas. Clavin, De Courcy, Ky., seriously, back; Patrick Kane, Cincinnati, boy, slightly; Richard Fitzpatrick, Covington, dangerously; Harvey B. Dalton, Louisville, dangerously; C. C. Dugan, Covington, brakeman, seriously; Frank Hess, Covington, slightly; Jacob Lon, Swede, seriously, breast; Gustave Lon, Swede, slightly; Patrick Callahan, brakeman, Covington, badly, foot; Joseph Metzner, South Covington, slightly; Wm. Powers, Covington, foot.

The wounded were brought to Covington at twelve o'clock last night to St. Elizabeth Hospital. The bridge which broke was constructed of iron and wood, was sixty feet long, twenty-five feet high and built in Louisville. The cause of the giving way is not known. The train which broke through consisted of eight platform cars, two of which were partially loaded with railroad iron. Seven cars went down, turning over in the descent and several breaking to pieces. The bridge is a complete wreck. A number of men were buried beneath the ruins and were not got out for twenty-five or thirty minutes. The train that broke through passed over in the morning heavily loaded with stone and iron. The afternoon passenger train from Louisville, of five cars full of passengers, passed over about thirty minutes before the accident.

Latest News from Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, July 3.—Gen. Puella has been ordered to relieve Gen. Latona, Commanding General of the Central Department. He sailed this evening with one thousand fresh troops for Nuevitas, whence he will proceed direct to Puerto Principe.

The *Prenza* says the number of insurgents around the latter place has largely increased, but the cholera and yellow fever were making havoc among them. Neuvitas is as healthy as usual at this season.

Captain General De Rodas is gaining general sympathy by his attempts to pacify all classes. Sanguinary instincts have been falsely attributed to him. He is now busily engaged in investigating cases of prisoners confined in forts, with the object of ordering the release of the innocent. Volunteers are offering themselves for actual service in the Cinco Villa district.

Captain General De Rodas to-day reviewed the regular and volunteer forces in and around the city. He was received by the volunteers with enthusiastic cheers. The Captain General has released several political prisoners.

Deputies elected to the Constituent Cortes from Porto Rico have sailed from Spain and arrived from Caracas June 23.

Ninth Army Corps Reunion.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 3.—The reunion of the Ninth Army Corps occurs on the 7th inst. at Rocky Point, Narragansett Bay. Parties from New York and the South and West can take the afternoon boat at New York on the 6th, by the Newport, Stonington and Neptune lines, and reach Rocky Point the next morning. Parties arriving in Providence by the afternoon trains of the 6th can proceed to Rocky Point by the seven o'clock steamer that night, where are good hotel accommodations. Parties reaching Providence by the accommodation trains on the morning of the 7th can take the ten o'clock boat for the Point and return in time for the evening trains.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 3, 1869.

SECRETARY BORIE'S RESIGNATION.

The following is a copy of the letter of President Grant, accepting the resignation of ex-Secretary Borie:

Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., June 25, 1869. To Hon A. E. Borie, Secretary of the Navy: Dear Sir—Your letter of this day, tendering your resignation of the position of Secretary of the Navy, is received. I need not assure you how much I regret the severance of our official connection, nor how confident I am that the high esteem I have always felt for you increased with further acquaintance and will continue while our acquaintance lasts. I accept your resignation with regret, therefore, and I hope that the quiet you will find in retirement may restore you to perfect health.

With great respect,
Your obedient servant
U. S. GRANT.

The above is a correct copy of the President's letter accepting Mr. Borie's resignation, taken from another copy of the same sent by Mr. Borie to the Executive Mansion for the purpose of completing the files.

The letter was written while Mr. Borie was in the President's room and taken away before a copy was made. But for this reason the press would have been furnished with a copy before.

MR. BORIE'S LETTER.

The following is a copy of Mr. Borie's letter of resignation, as obtained from an official source:

Washington, D. C. June 25, 1869: To the President. When I assumed with appreciative pride the high office of secretary of the Navy, conferred upon me by your flattering predilection, I stated that I feared for reasons of a personal and domestic nature, then explained, that I would not be able to retain the position long. I now come down to ask your acceptance of my resignation. The severance of my official and always most attractive relations with you, for whom I entertain so much esteem and attachment, gives me sincere pain, and the abandonment of my public duties much regret. But the great confidence I feel in the harmonious and successful progress of the administration under your able, honest and glorious lead, is my great solace, and with the warmest wishes and most earnest prayers for the health and happiness of yourself, as well as of all dear to you, I remain most devotedly and respectfully,

Your obedient servant,
A. E. BORIE.

CURRENCY STATEMENT.

The national currency shipped during the week to national banks amounted to $53,900; to depository at Pittsburgh, $30,000. Treasurer Spinner holds in trust for national banks as security for circulation $342,918,600, and for public deposits $24,907,350. Mutilated bank notes burned during the week, $177,250; total amount burned to date, $14,644,377; total amount outstanding at this date, $299,749,605.

DR. MARY WALKER.

The *Evening Star* says the Third Auditor of the Treasury consented to give Dr Mary Walker a clerkship in his office, but the appointment being submitted to the Secretary for approval, that official declined to do so, and at present the matter is held in abeyance.

INDIAN SUPERINTENDENT.

Brevet Major General W. B. Hazen, of the 6th United States Infantry, in addition to his present duties in the Indian territory, has been directed to act as Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the Southern Superintendency.

RETURNED TO GREENVILLE.

Ex-President Johnson, accompanied by his son and Colonel John Williams, left this morning on the Southern train for Greenville, Tenn.

CABINET CHANGES.

There is authority for stating that no Cabinet changes are contemplated, and all that has recently been said on that subject in various newspapers is merely speculation.

REMOVAL.

The Treasury office was removed today from the old Treasury building to the new department in North Extension.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day amounted to $1,333,400.

WASHINGTON, July 4, 1869.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Report No. 26, of the Deputy Special Commissioner of Internal Revenue, now in press, gives the following synopsis of the imports and exports for the month ending April 30th, 1869: Imports, $52,176,828; exports, $42,607,344; re-exports, $2,980,351. For the ten months ending April 30th, 1869: imports, $355,775,331; exports, $338,387,741; re-exports, $18,899,814. For the ten months ending April 30th, 1868: imports, $304,306,790: exports, $373,289,595; re-exports, $18,251,803.

Proportion of foregoing shipped in American and foreign vessels respectively during the ten months ending April 1869: American vessels—imports, $107,907,649; exports, $110,127,015; re-exports, $11,778,688. Foreign vessels—imports, $247,855,6?2; exports, $228,360,726; re-exports, $7,121,126.

Of imports for April, '69, $45,340,111 were dutiable, and $6,836,717 were free; $26,760,404 were entered for home consumption, and $25,416,424 entered in warehouses; brought in American vessels, $17,007,285; in foreign vessels, $35,169,545.

Returns for May from sixty-two ports, including all the principal custom districts, have been received, showing imports, (except for San Francisco and Boston,) exports and re-exports; total imports, $35,370,956; exports, $38,250,083; re-exports, 3,694,435.

Returns from eleven ports on the Northern frontier, through which a considerable portion of our trade with Canada is carried on, showed the following results: Imports, $1,338,609; exports, $1,531,833; re-exports, $198,084.

There is a large excess of exports over imports at Chicago, Detroit, Huron, Miami and Milwaukee, while at Cape Vincent, Genessee, Oswego and Oswegachie the imports are largely in excess. Export returns from Charleston, Savannah, Mobile and New Orleans show a very large excess of exports over imports, the combined amounts being as follows: imports, $1,294,910; exports, $13,544,986; re-exports, $83,102.

NEWS FROM CUBA.

Dispatches received by a near lady relative of the General in command of the Cuban forces, now residing near this city, give a full account of the attempt to succor the Spanish forces in Los Tunis. A train, with a force of from 1,500 to 2,500 men as a guard, was sent to relieve the garrison at that place. They were intercepted by a squad of General Marmal's cavalry and a large portion of the train captured. In the contest the Spanish loss was over two hundred. They succeeded in reaching Los Tunis with a portion of the train and found the garrison suffering from cholera and acclimating fever, which had almost rendered it helpless. After a few days the disease broke out among the reinforcements. The encampment was vacated and after a severe loss the garrison succeeded in their retreat.

In the Cinco Villas District the forces under Lesca have been repulsed with considerable slaughter, and the whole territory regained to the Cuban army. The result has given courage to the inhabitants and the recent outrages perpetrated by Lesca and the fact that no quarter is to be given to revolutionists, whether actively engaged in the field or in sympathy with this cause, has inspired the inhabitants with intense hatred of Spanish rule and driven thousands into the army of Quesada. Thus reinforced, he has ordered an active offensive movement by the entire army, and dispatches received state he has regained a number of important positions and is now master of the northwestern portion of the island.

It is also reported that the instructions of the new Captain-General De Rodas are to carry out the policy of Dulce, that of conciliation and positively to control the volunteer organizations and maintain the supremacy of Spain, and that orders have been issued to prevent the commiting of such atrocities as were recently committed by Gen. Lesca in the Cinco Villas district. The effect of this policy upon the volunteers has been to produce dissensions throughout the entire organization. The volunteers who have given adherence to the De Rodas administration, by the surrender of the control of the forts, arsenals and other important positions, are denounced as traitors.

INSTRUCTIONS TO MINISTER SICKLES.

Instructions to Minister Sickles were drawn at the Department of State with much caution, and soon thereafter delivered to him in New York, under such circumstances as to preclude the possibility of a premature disclosure of their contents; but from what has since transpired in official circles, it is safe to assert there is no instruction relative to the purchase of Cuba.

IRON-CLAD OATH IN VIRGINIA.

The President will submit to the Attorney General the question of the legality of General Canby's requirement that the members elect of the Virginia Legislature shall take the iron-clad oath in order that uniformity may prevail in reorganizing the Southern States under the reconstruction laws.

THE VIRGINIA ELECTION.

Gen. Van Wyck left for New York tonight, having just returned from Virginia. He reports the contest in that State excited and bitter, that the Constitution without the test oath and disfranchising clause will be adopted, and that the vote for Governor will be very heavy and close.

BANK RE-OPENED.

The Treasury Department has been officially advised of the re-opening of the Merchants' National Bank at Little Rock, Arkansas, it being reported in a solvent condition.

Bridge Opening Celebration.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 3.—The largest concourse of people ever assembled in this city was present to-day to witness the opening of the first railroad bridge across the Missouri river. It is estimated that over forty thousand persons were present. After the procession, composed of the Masonic fraternity and a miniature bridge on wheels, followed by a variety of representations of mechanical genius, and delegations of invited guests from various cities in carriages, had passed over the bridge, the structure was put to a severe test by placing five locomotives and a train heavily loaded with iron on each span. The result was most satisfactory, and the Committee of Examination awarded to Mr. Chanlete, Chief Engineer of Construction, great administrative talent and engineering ability. The following gentlemen were the Committee on Examination: Major W. McFarline, U. S. Corps of Engineers; J. B. Moulion, Chief Engineer of C. and I. Railroad; John B. Lodge, Chief Engineer of Northwestern Railroad; George H. Nettleton, Chief Engineer of Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad; Gen. A. Anderson, Chief Engineer of Kansas Pacific Railroad; H. C. Morse, Chief Engineer of Missouri Pacific Railroad; Hon. D. J. Morrell, M. C., of Cambria Iron Works, J. R. Smith, Chief Engineer of Keokuk Bridge, and H. J. Thompson, Chief Engineer of the Roads and Bridges of Chicago. The draw span is three hundred and sixty-three feet long, weighs three hundred and sixty tons, four men opening it in the short time of two minutes and ten seconds. The spans are respectively 200, 250, 200 and 117 feet in length. After completing the test examination, the assemblage witnessed a fine balloon ascension by Prof. Holman, who made a successful landing at Independence this evening. The procession proceeded to Steel's Grove and were addressed by Hon. Carl Schurz, followed by General John A. McClernand, the orator of the day, who delivered a very interesting address. The proceedings of the day will close with a grand banquet to-night at the New Broadway Hotel. Among the notables present to-day are the Congressional Committee on Pacific Railroad, who will leave on Monday on an excursion on the Kansas Pacific Railroad to Sheridan.

Tennessee Politics.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 3.—The Republican County Convention to-night split again. The Lewis wing nominated General Williamson McKenna for the Legislature. The Hunter wing nominated H. N. Ranken, colored, and also McKenna. There is no prospect of harmonizing the factions. The speeches were very bitter. The Hunter party had the advantage in numbers.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

YESTERDAY.

The German Demonstration—Fourth of July on the Fourth—The Procession and Orations—A Pleasant Day and an Orderly One.

The Fourth of July has come and gone, and the German Sunday celebration, about which so much hubbub has been made, is over. The strong arm of the law, which so many people tried to prop up preparatory to a heavy fall, did not strike; no blood was shed, and no disorder that we have heard of, was indulged in, unless, indeed, it be assumed that the mere fact of such a demonstration, at its best, was disorderly conduct.

Rain had been prophesied, and, indeed, hoped for by many of the opponents of the movements, and the prospects, up to a tolerably late hour yesterday morning, were that the elements would interfere with the celebration. But there was no such interference. No rain fell. The clouds, for a good portion of the time, hid the sun, and made the heat less oppressive, and the rain which had previously fallen, prevented the nuisance of dust. Altogether, the day was an exceedingly pleasant one.

GETTING READY.

The forenoon of yesterdsy was unusually quiet. There was less than the ordinary number of people on the streets, aside from the church-goers. It was not until after twelve o'clock that the people who are always wanting to see commenced to appear, and to stand around and wait. The number increased as time passed, and by the time the procession moved Grant street, Fifth avenue, Smithfield, Penn and the other streets forming the route were pretty well thronged.

At about one o'clock the three divisions, from Pittsburgh, the South Side and Allegheny, commenced to form at their places of rendezvous. The Pittsburgh division formed on Grant street, with its right resting on Sixth street. The Allegheny division formed on Water street, right resting on Grant. The South Side division formed on Grant street, right resting on Fourth avenue.

The First, or Pittsburgh division, was under command of John Seiferth, Marshal; the Second, or South Side division, under Louis Wilhelm, and the Third, or Allegheny division, under Jacob Baldinger. The three divisions were under the general command of Captain Louis Hager, Chief Marshal. Capt. Gallisaith, of Pittsburgh, had command of the cavalry, of which there was a heavy detachment.

The procession was announced to move at two o'clock, but it was about half-past two when the order to march was given.

Turners' Hall, on Sixth avenue, was general headquarters, and in the building and its vicinity the utmost activity prevailed.

THE PROCESSION.

At the time mentioned, the procession moevd, in the following order:

Chief Marshal and aids; carriages containing orators and Committee of Arrangements; Pittsburgh Division; South Side Division; Allegheny Division.

The Marshals of the procession wore the following distinguishing badges: Chief Marshal, white sash; Division Marshals, blue sash. The aids wore tricolored rosettes and white gloves. Seventy aids were on duty.

The route of procession was down Grant street to Seventh avenue, Smithfield street, Fifth avenue, Market and Sixth streets to Penn; along Penn to Mechanic Street Bridge; up Chestnut to Ohio street, down Ohio street to Diamond square.

Ascertaining the composition of the several divisions was a stupendous work, and several of the many attempts made by the reporters resulted only in making them a hissing and a by-word among the spectators who witnessed their discomfiture. Many of the participants in the demonstration did not, apparently, understand the questions that were asked them. Others seemed to take it for granted that every question addressed to them, even though addressed in the most suave and persuasive manner, was a studied insult, and they set their faces as flint against answering anything. Altogether, the reporters had a time of tribulation, and hence it is impossible for us to furnish a complete list of the various secret, singing, gymnastic, religious and benevolent societies, having large representation in the ranks. Nearly all the brass bands in the city were in attendance and distributed at careful distances from each other, and the sound of spirited music was heard along the line from the moment the procession started till it reached Allegheny. The large delegation of cavalry, numbering several hundred, was a very attractive feature of the occasion, while the luxurious chariot "Grant," drawn by four coal back horses, and containing thirteen pretty little girls attired in white dresses with red and blue sashes, and bearing in their hands tiny flags, secured a large measure of admiration from the onlookers. There was not a drunken man observable either in the ranks or out of them, and the rules adopted were so strict that no person in the line was permitted to leave or straggle, or even to smoke a cigar while marching. This strict discipline rendered entirely unnecessary the police precautions taken by the Mayors of both cities, who had their full forces on duty. The marching of the men was so orderly and precise as to afford the belief that the great majority of those participating had seen actual service in the army. The maneuvering of the large body of men was highly creditable to Chief Marshal Louis Hager, whose liberal experience in such matters in more exciting fields rendered him peculiarly fitted for the proper discharge of the responsible duties of leader on this occasion. That he acquitted himself well and ably, and contributed largely to the general success, is admitted on all sides.

The entire length of the line was enlivened with fluttering flags of various kinds. The procession occupied about twenty minutes in passing a given point and by count the participants numbered about three thousand.

AT DIAMOND SQUARE.

The procession marched over the route announced, and reached the Diamond Square, in Allegheny, at about four o'clock. A stand had been erected, and was very handsomely decorated with flowers. On this stand the Committee of Arrangements and the Orators took their positions. The entire space around the stand was densely crowded, and the utmost quietness and good order prevailed.

Before the regular exercises commenced, a little bit of irregularity took place. Dr. Alexander Stevenson, a well known erratic itinerant, was on the stand, with a bible under his arm. He was evidently there for some purpose, and that purpose soon became apparent. He quietly laid aside his hat, bible and stick, commenced an unanticipated address. He had taken a position in a corner of the stand, and the busy Committee did not notice him. He spoke thus: "German fellow-citizens, I am happy to address you on the recurrence of the National birth day." [Applause.]

He had said that much when a hand seized his coat collar and he was summarily extinguished. He was much grieved and did not seem at all re-assured by the applause that hailed his extinguishment.

Shortly after this little occurrence a hanty near the stand gave way beneath the weight of the people, who had crowded upon the roof, and it and its freight tumbled. No one was hurt.

THE PROCEEDINGS.

When the carriages and horses had passed off the ground, and the assembly had settled into orderly quietness, the Great Western Band played the Star Spangled Banner and Yankee Doodle, after which the German singing societies joined in singing, in splendid style, a German hymn, called "This is the Lord's Day,"

Next Rev. John Weitershausen, of Allegheny, was introduced by Mr. C. F. Bauer. The reverend gentleman stated that he had been invited to open the exercises with prayer, and felt honored by the invitation. He would think it a shame not to accept. He then delivered, in German, a prayer that was listened to with the utmost intentness. After the prayer he addressed the assemblage in the German tongue, very briefly, exhorting them to continue, in principle and action, true American citizens.

Wm. Linn, Esq., was next introduced and read the Declaration of Independence in English. His pronunciation of our laugnage was perfect. He supplemented the reading with a few remarks which were well received.

Mr. G. Ludwig was introduced, and after a few remarks, proceeded to read the Declaration of Independence in German.

MR. ELLIS' REMARKS.

The next speaker was Rev. C. H. Ellis, of Salem, Ohio, who was introduced by Mr. Bauer, and proceeded to address the assemblage at some length in the English language. Mr. Ellis is a spirited and effective speaker, and his address was warmly applauded throughout. It was with great pleasure, he said, that he had noted the beauty and exceeding good order of this demonstration. He realized that his hearers felt an indisposition to retort upon the religionists here for the very unchristian spirit with which they had received the proposition to celebrate the day thus. But he was an outsider, and he would say shame upon the Church and shame upon the people that would say aught against the patriotism of the participants in this demonstration. For his part, he was glad to see the Fourth of July [illegible] made the [illegible] ebrating the [illegible] custom. Just [illegible] who hails from [illegible] racing and [illegible] Black Sea, [illegible] they honored [illegible] and in the spr[illegible]prings. [illegible] for the princip[illegible]is, de Bris[illegible] opinion no day [illegible] the American people [illegible]acres of declaration of Independence.

The Germans celebrate the day with full hearts. Two centuries before, the American Union was born, the Germans struggled and suffered for liberty. In the time of Philip the Second, two million Germans went down to death for daring to say they loved Conscience better than the King. The Puritans who had so deeply impressed our national history and character, and who are so thoroughly honored now and here, found an asylum in Germany before they found one in America.

Again he would say shame upon the churches that had manifested so unchristian a spirit at this time. In his opinion there was no distinction between civil and religious liberty. Religion becomes despotic as soon as it dictates political and civil forms. There can be no civil or political liberty without religious liberty. If the fathers of the nation had declared that none could find an asylum here, save those who bowed the knee to their Baal, what kind of a country would this be now?

All people must aid this country in its great progress. They must come to us with their customs, characteristics and language, and we must assimmilate them. Then our nationality, with its free institutions and manifold blessings, will cross the Pacific as it crossed the Atlantic, and American Democracy will crowd the despotisms of Europe into the sea.

FINIS.

Mr. Ellis, on his retirement, was applauded long and loudly. The Great Western Band then played "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs, and while the crowd was dispersing the Singing Societies sang again. The procession then reformed, and the Pittsburgh and South Side divisions marched back to this city by way of Federal street and the St. Clair Street Bridge. At Turners' Hall they disbanded. The Allegheny division marched up Ohio street and also disbanded.

Altogether the demonstration was as perfectly orderly and well conducted as anything that could be imagined. So far as we have learned, nothing whatever of a disorderly character occurred.

A Thinker But Not a Listener or Speaker.

"A Glimpse at Science," an oration delivered at the Commencement of the National Mute College, in the mute language, by Mr. James H. Logan, of Allegheny, a graduate, is certainly one of the ablest and prettiest college orations we have ever read. The author is a brother of John P. Logan, Esq., of this city. Although unable to hear or to speak he is gifted with unusual thinking powers, and is the possessor of a splendid and thorough education, acquired under the roof of the great philanthropic institute from which he has graduated with the highest honors. A spirited and patriotic article from his pen, which originally appeared in these columns at the commencement of the war, gained celebrity for the author, and even yet is traveling the rounds in the press of the country. God never deprives in one direction but He compensates in another, and Mr. Logan is the best living evidence of the fact to which we can point.

An immense amount of lumber is on the way down the Allegheny on the present rise of that river.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MEAT AND DRINK.

Enthusiasts who would have us to
Abstain from beer and wine,
And every spirit, how do you
Propose that we should dine?

At dinner men not only bite,
They also need to sup;
Champagne and Claret were it right
To banish from the Cup?

And when the month contains an R,
With oysters which are in,
The lips from Chabils to debar
Would it not be a sin?

Breathes there the man who could forswear
Burgundy or Bordeaux
When at his woodcock? If so, where
Does he expect to go?

With whitebait give iced punch, if not,
Give whitebait not to me:
And oh, without that same punch, what
Would even turtle be?

With every dish a liquor goes,
By every wise man's use,
And even every school boy knows
What Latin is for Goose.

What Goose is English for is clear
To all men but an ass;
Him who maligns sound wholesome beer,
And bans the generous glass.
—*Punch.*

EPHEMERIS.

—Maine's hay crop is very heavy.

—Scotland has had a June snow storm.

—Erie is to have a sailing regatta to-day.

—It is said that Mlle. Nillson is going crazy.

—Umbrellas are leased, rented and sold by a Chicago firm.

—The Southern rice crop is reported as more than usually large.

—A first-class shirt-cutter in New York can get a salary of $3,000.

—It is in China that the last tribes of Israel have been discovered.

—Pasha Sir Samuel Baker's army of the Nile consists of 3,300 men.

—Ristori meditates a return to this country in the spring of 1870.

—It is said that the new editor-in-chief of the New York *Times* is a Jew.

—The Illinois egg and butter market is now partially supplied from California.

—The "seventeen years locusts" have made their annual apppearance in Rhode Island.

—Brockhaus, the great publisher of Leipzig, returned, for 1868, a net income of $500,000.

—Gazzaniga is to try what she can do to revive Italian Opera next winter in New York.

—Paris raised one hundred and thirty dollars, with which to buy a house for Jeff. Davis.

—General Rosecranz is now talked of as a possible Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio.

—Gen. Averill is reported as having said he has no desire to be a candidate for office in Minnesota.

—The infant grand[illegible] of the Czar of all the Russias has be[illegible] Colonel of the 145th regiment.

—Blacque Bey, w[illegible] n the neighborhood of the [illegible] now at the White Sulphur S[illegible]

—A French Marqu[illegible] siere, has bought ten thousand [illegible] land for a co-operative farm in Kansas.

—Victor Emanuel indulges a little fear that he is to be the last King of Italy of his family, as well as the first.

—A couple of enterprising New York pickpockets recently emptied the pockets of a corpse on its way to the morgue.

—The various posts of the G. A. R. are getting up a Soldiers' Orphan Asylum on the plan of the *Hotel des Invalides* at Paris.

—The Red-stocking base-ball club's first nine arrived in Cincinnati on Thursday, and had a grand reception and banquet.

—Many of the English sparrows which left Philadelphia have come back and raised broods, and they eat millions of moths and worms.

—A hospital attendant at Strasburg fell in love with a Sister of Mercy, and because she showed his letter to the Superior he shot her.

—A storm in Iowa carried four thousand feet of lumber a distance of three miles, tearing the boards to bits as they flew through the air.

—San Francisco has invented a flying machine, which "works like a charm," and will bring a man to the Altantic seaboard in twenty-four hours.

—A North Adams, Massachusetts, hen reared a brood of kittens, and scratched the eyes out of the mother when she tried to take them away.

—A Rocky Mountain editor thinks we have enough female preachers, female doctors, etc., but thinks that there is a great demand for female women.

—During the last two years in Jersey county, Ill., seven persons have been hanged or shot for alleged horse-stealing. The executioners were unlawful mobs.

—Let woman not for voting stir.
But learn the barber's trade instead;
So shall the poll be brought to her,
To razor o'er her husband's head.

—Louisville ladies now breakfast at home, then go up to Cincinnati and dine, and have a few hours to do their shopping before returning to take tea at home.

—One afternoon during the election disturbance in Paris, a card was seen in a shop on the Boulevard, announcing, "Window to let for to-night's riot. Price 20f.

—The Prince of Wales has been made a member of the French Society of Agriculture, and an exchange thinks it must be because of his abilities to sow wild oats.

—A Kentucky distiller having noticed that whisky is improved by a sea voyage, has put up a treadmill in his warehouse, and uses a horse-power to keep the whisky in perpetual motion.

—A Portland man has cured one of the most dangerous cases of cancer by drinking red clover tea and applying a red clover compress, and thinks it will prove an infallible remedy in all cases.

—Up in St. Paul they have split on the Fourth of July question, and the consequence is an exhibition of fire works on Saturday, another on Monday, a German procession on Sunday and fire crackers all three days.

—An immense harvest of chignons was gathered from the scene of the most violent Paris riot the next morning. They were advertised to be returned on application at police headquarters, but few were claimed.

—A subscription has been started in Lyons to give the Pope a chasuble and cope of extraordinary richness, as specimens of the best workmanship of the city, on the occasion of the approaching Œcumenical Council.

—The New School Presbyterians intend to erect a college at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. One gentleman has contributed $50,000 in money and another has given $60,000 worth of land. Other contributions will be solicited in the autumn.

—The Rochester century plant has not flowered yet. We know a man who has seen one century-plant flower thrice, and he is not forty years old yet; but the century plants are so called because they bloom several times during a century.

—The German *Kirchenzeitung* says: "After examining a file of the New York *Independent*, a professedly religious paper, we are sorry to say that it seems utterly unsound, and more calculated to do harm than good to the cause of religion."

—A large black bear, dragging a short chain about his neck, has made a sensation in the neighborhood of Delphos, O. The inhabitants were quite excited and a number of them tried to shoot him, but at last accounts he still roamed as monarch of that part of the forest.

—Wm. L. Scott, the President of the Pittsburgh and Erie road, is about to build a theatre in Erie. That city has hitherto had to get along as best she could with her old fashioned halls, and Mr. Scott's energy and public spirit will probably be highly appreciated.

—A little girl attempted to slide down the balusters of a circular staircase in New York, but fell from the fifth story, striking on her head and breaking through the thick glass floor at the bottom. She was pulled out by the heels, and the next day was running about as lively as ever.

—Jewelry in Paris this summer is very fanciful. The most recherche sets are enamels, but in curious shapes, thus: —Little plates are worn as cuff buttons and brooches, to imitate all the admired crockery ever heard of, from the Bernard de Palissy style to Sevres, Saxony and China wares. Even Rouen hardware is in favor.

—Louise Hensler, who has just contracted a morganatic marriage with the ex-king of Portugal, is a Springfield, Mass., girl, the daughter of a poor German mechanic, and used to sing in the South Church choir. The church people assisted her to get a musical education, and finding she had a fortune in her voice she went abroad.

A FOREIGN journal prints the following with reference to the present condition of the steamship Great Eastern, now engaged in laying the French Atlantic cable: "This floating island, as the ship has been poetically called, is deeper, by a foot or more, than she has ever been. She is somewhat cumbered by deck houses, and has, in other respects, been made to resemble a floating American hotel. Despite alterations, the Great Eastern remains a marvel, concerning which all that has been said will probably be said again and again, without tiring those who are not to be tired by wonders. Her space and her luxury, her long corridors, high ceilings and tiled floors, her large rooms instead of cramped holes for sleeping in, her passages leading thereto, with numbers denoting the apartments, '119 to 129,' '130 to 137,' and so on, are all so unlike anything aboard ship that visitors might be pardoned a forgetfulness of locality. There are improvements in the mechanism of the Great Eastern which are of some moment and value. Her rudder, formerly worked by twelve men, now answers the bidding of steam machinery. A single helmsman turns a wheel, and may indulge himself with the pleasing idea that he thereby steers the ship. All that he does, however, is to act upon certain valves, and to set in motion the power by which, in reality, the vast hull is guided through the sea. The paying out machinery, too, has been perfected, and there is less chance of injury to the cable than there has ever been."

QUAKER MAJORS.—They always call the Indian Superintendents "Major," on the border, and the Quakers who have gone out upon the Indian service enjoy the full honors, and are spoken of and addressed by the customary military title. The Quakers were well represented in the war, and if they repudiated a cardinal principle of their faith, by taking up arms, they did not disgrace it by cowardice or bad conduct. There were no better fighters than the Quakers. Mr. Stanton was born a Quaker, and he said, during his administration of the War Department, that he had not received notice of being disowned. Mr. Lincoln was of the Quaker stock, and regarded it as a most honorable ancestry.

We think that, in the west, the discipline has always been a little lax, in regard to peace, for we once met a Quaker Colonel, of Kansas, who had served with credit in the war, and who said that his departure from the rigid rules of the society had been overlooked, and that he was admitted unquestioned, at the last yearly meeting, and participated in its deliberations.

A CONVENTION of Pastors of the United Brethren Church, in Indiana, assembled on Monday, in Lafayette, and among other things protested against the action of the last General Conference of the church against secret societies, resolving that they would not enforce the prohibition of the Conference against membership in the same in their churches.

[From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.]

How Poor Boys Reach the Top Round.

There are 17,919 names who pay an income tax in this city. Sixty-seven persons who pay tax on incomes of $100,000 or over. Most of these solid gentlemen are self-made men, who have come up from the lowest round of the ladder. The man who leads the list, A. T. Stewart, everybody knows is an Irish emigrant, who commenced life with a capital of less than twenty-five cents; indeed, with few exceptions, most of the parties in the list were scarce as well off as Mr. Stewart. Take Henry Keep: he boasts that he graduated from the Poor House of Jefferson county. Jay Gould drove a heard of cattle from Delhi, Delaware county, when a lad, for fifty cents a day, in order to get money enough to reach the Hudson river. David Groesbeck, over thirty years ago, used to mend old shoes for his brother, who was a respectable shoemaker in Albany. We all know the history of James Gordon Bennett, Robert Bonner, poor boys full of talent and industry. Rufus Hatch, when a youngster, had an ambition to hold the reins of a peddler's wagon. E. D. Morgan commenced life with a quarter measure of molasses. It is scarce a dozen years since Henry Clews was an errand boy in one of the banking houses down town. The brothers Seligman started out in life with a peddler's pack. David Dowes, in his younger days, retailed pork by the half pound and molasses by the gill. H. T. Helmbold was first cabin boy on the sloop Mary Jane, that navigated the Delaware River. We might go on through the list, and show that nearly every one of these solid men were the architects of their own fortunes. Young men, who are struggling for place and position, should remember that the individuals in the list below had to battle for life just as hard as they are doing. Let them take heart and never say die.

Honor and shame from no condition rise.
Act well your part—there all the honor lies.

Dull Prospect for Corn.

The prospect for corn in the West is not such as the farmers would desire to compromise upon as an average for future seasons; but those who know the stubborn persistence of our prairie soil, and the ripening fervor of the Western sun, aided by the constant winds, will not despair of a fair crop yet. Our people are accustomed to say that there is no such thing as a failure of corn in Illinois; and the history of agriculture in the State will almost justify the broad assertion. In the last twenty-five years, there have been three seasons in which the crop escaped by a "mighty tight squeak;" but we do not remember it ever stood in more peril than to-day. The year most resembling the present is 1844, when, as now, the whole country was afloat, and when no man thought even a quarter of a crop was possible; but the rain ceased, the sun came out, and never since corn was cultivated on prairie soil has it done such prodigious growing as it did from the first of July to the 1st of October, to which time or later the frost kept off. The result was a fair yield on all high ground, and half a crop on the bottoms—at any rate, a good supply of corn for the country's wants. Two seasons since that time have somewhat resembled that year; but in each as the end of all the forebodings in which farmers and speculators indulged, it was found that the home stretch did the business—the last part of the season made up for the coldness of the early summer—and the crop was saved.—*Chicago Journal.*

Far to the North.

Away up beyond St. Paul, beyond Pembina, lies Prince Rupert's Land, the territory of the Hudson's Bay Company, a region of 2,000,000 square miles, of which a sixth is prairie, and a wheat growing land at that. This region is yet to be inhabited and brought under development. Then it will be a marvel of productiveness, and its products will all flow Southward to the Mississippi River, and Eastward by Lake Superior. The climate is singularly salubrious. Winter prevails from the first of December to the first of April. Vegetation grows rapidly in the hot summer, and the wheat harvest is in August. Part of this region is under the summer isothermal line which cuts Long Island, and passes through Southern France. The soil is rich. Twenty bushels to one sown have been harvested. Of potatoes the return is often thirty bushels to one bushel planted. One instance is recorded of seventy-five bushels of barley being reaped from one and a half bushels sowing.

The population of the Canadian settlement on the Red River and the Assineboine is some 14,000. Winnepeg, the leading town, is 450 miles from St. Cloud, in Minnesota, the nearest railroad station. —*N. Y. Com. Advertiser.*

The Working People.

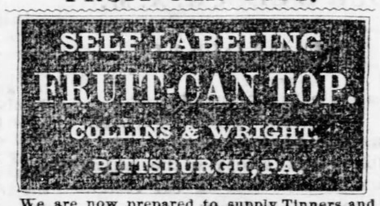
The capmakers' strike in New York city still continues. About two hundred and fifty hands are out of work, many of the employers persisting in their refusal to pay the advanced wages. The capmakers have received pecuniary assistance from other trades, particularly from the German Unions. It is announced that a capitalist has offered to open a cap manufactory and employ one hundred and fifty hands at the advanced rate. The tinners and clippers of house ironwork in New York have organized to demand an increase over the present rates. Journeymen are now paid from $2 to $2,75 a day for ten hours' work. The wheelwrights and blacksmiths in New York are organizing to demand an increase of wages. The paper stainers in New York have agreed upon a list of advanced rates which has been sent to the employers, who have refused to accede to the demand, and a strike will probably take place. The German Carpenters (framers,) in New York, who have been on a strike for several weeks, report that many of the employers still refuse to pay the advanced rates of $3,50 to $4 per day, and that ovor two hundred men are unemployed. The Shirt Cutters in New York are organizing to ask for an increase of wages.

THE man who asked "What becomes of all the pins?" now wants to know "What becomes of all the horse shoes?" It is said there are thousands of horse shoes dropped in London in the course of the year, but they are rarely seen. This is all the more remarkable, inasmuch as it is considered lucky to pick them up. There is a great demand for the nails by which they are fastened. The banging they have got through constant wear makes them of more value than new nails—to make stubb twist gun barrels. It seems odd that the same malleability could not be given to the iron in some quicker and more simple manner than by the traffic of horses' feet.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS.
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

CARPETS.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12

NEW CARPETS.
FINE CARPETS.
CHEAP CARPETS
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES.
Mattings.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
my24:d&wT

OFFICES, COUNTING ROOMS,
STORES AND BANKS
Fitted up on short notice and in the best manner with
CARPETS.
Cocoa Mattings, of all grades.
Well seasoned Sheet Oil Cloths.
French Manilla Matting.
Tanned Ratan Matting.
Buff, Green Blue, Drab and White
HOLLAND SHADES.
LETTERED OR PLAIN SHADES,
Of every size or color.
Inside and Outside Door Plates, &c.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
je22 (Second Floor).

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.
NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.
Silk Fans,
Linen and Palm Leaf Fans,
New Japanese Fans.
SILK PARASOLS, all the New Styles.
WHITE GOODS,
A Beautiful Line.
SUMMER BOULEVARD SKIRTS
At Reduced Prices.
New Puffed Collars and Cuffs,
In Paper and Linen.
CORSETS, a Complete Stock.
GENTS' SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
In Merino, Gauze and Cotton.
WHITE AND STRIPED MUSLIN SHIRTS.
Our Stock of
COTTON HOSIERY
Defies Competition.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 & 80 Market Street.
je9

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

WALL PAPERS.
WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh28:g41

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.
HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

FLOUR.
PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.
PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to
FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.
This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.
PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

DRY GOODS.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, dated June 19, 1869, I will expose at public sale at the Court House in Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, JULY 14th, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the First ward of the city of Allegheny, county aforesaid, at the corner of Balkam street and Bank lane, containing in front on Bank lane 15 feet 6 inches, and in depth along Balkam street 63 feet, more or less, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, being the real estate of S. J. Shannon, deceased.

Terms of sale, cash. For farther information enquire of BROWN & LAMBIE, Attorneys at Law, No. 114 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN Q. MILLER,
Administrator of
SAMUEL Q. SHANNON, deceased. j 22:k88T

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—There will be exposed at Public Sale, by order of the Orphans' Court, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1869, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises in Wilkinsburg, Wilkins township, Allegheny county, the one undivided half of all that certain lot or piece of ground, described as follows, viz: Fronting one hundred and sixty-five feet four inches on Peebles street, (185 4-12 ft.) extending back a distance of one hundred and forty-nine feet four inches, (149 4-12 ft.,) to Centre alley; fronts on Centre alley one hundred and sixty-five feet four inches, (165 4-12 ft.,) and one hundred and fifty-one feet ten inches, (151 10-12 ft.,) on Kelley street, being the whole of lots Nos. 26 and 27 and parts of lots 24 and 25 in Reis and Curling's plan of Wilkinsburg, recorded in Plan Book Vol. 2, Page 18.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half cash; the balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

CATHARINE ENNIS,
Guardian of the minor children of Laurence Ennis, dec'd. je26:l10-8

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

A FINE FARM, late the property of ROBERT GLASS, dec'd, comprising 148 acres, 1 rood and 24 perches, situated on West Penna. R. R., two hours and a half ride from Pittsburgh and within one half mile of either North West or Salena stations, together with Stone Dwelling of Twelve Rooms, Two Frame Tenant Houses, One Frame Barn one hundred feet long, Stone Spring House, Blacksmith Shop, Two Story Frame Granery, Frame Carriage House, Frame Hay House, with sheds, slaughter House, Large Orchard of choice Fruit in good bearing order, Cider Press and abundance of never failing Springs of pure Water. To be sold on TUESDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1869. Trains leave Allegheny City at 7 A. M. and arrive at 6 P. M. For further particulars inquire of Mr. Phelps, corner Cherry alley and Third avenue J. G. West, office of Clerk of Quarter Sessions, R. D. McClure, 370 Penn street, J. G. Wilson, 55 Fourth avenue je29:118:TTHST

MERCHANT TAILORS.
B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se28:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Ashes; pots quiet at $7,37@7,62; pearls dull and nominal. Cotton quiet and firm, with sales 950 bales at 34½c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 12,483 bbls; market quiet without change, with sales 5,100 bbls at $4,90@5,36 for superfine, State and western; $5,75@6,75 for extra western; $6,80@7,20 for good to choice white wheat extra; $6,25@7 for common to choice round hoop Ohio; $6,75@7,50 for common to fair extra St. Louis; $8@11 for good to choice do; closing heavy at $6,50@6,60; sales 4,500 bbls extra State. California Flour quiet, with sales 150 bbls at $6,35@8,90. Oregon Flour dull at $8@9,65. Rye Flour in firm request, with sales 360 bbls at $4@6,25. Corn Meal quiet. Whisky firmer, with sales 350 bbls western at $1, free. Wheat—receipts 133,564 bush; market heavy and 1@2c lower, with sales 93,000 bush at $1,45@1,46 for No.2 spring; $1.50@1,51 for No. 1 do; $1,55 for amber State. Rye quiet and nominal. Barley and Barley Malt dull and nominal. Corn—receipts 84,987 bbls; market opened firmer and closed quiet, with sales 56,000 bush at 64@88c for new mixed western, via canal; 85@88 for do. via railroad; 85c for kiln dried; 90@92c for western yellow. Oats—receipts 31,870 bush; market without change, with sales 46,000 bush at 78c for western afloat. Linseed Oil dull at $1@1,01. Petroleum dull at 16c for crude, and 31½c for refined. Hops quiet at 9@15c for American. Coal quiet. Leather—Hemlock Sole in moderate request at 30@32c, Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light and middle weights; 26½@29 for heavy do; 30@31½c for California light and middle weights; 26½@28 for heavy do. Wool quiet and firm, with sales 280,000 pounds at 46@55c for domestic fleece; 74c@$1,00 for scoured; 40@45c for pulled; 24½@35c for Texas; 25@27½c for California, and 58@62c for picklocks. Pork quiet and firmer, with sales of 525 bbls at $32,00@32,25 for new mess; closing at $32,25 cash, $31,75 for old do., $26@27 for prime, and $28,25@29,00 for prime mess. Beef steady, with sales of 100 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess, $12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef nominal at $20@25 for prime mess, and $25@30 for India mess. Beef Hams quiet, with sales of 365 bbls at $20@30. Cut Meats dull, with sales of 125 pkgs at 14c for shoulders, 16½@17½c for hams; middies quiet, with sales of 50 bxs long cut hams on private terms. Lard heavy and lower; sales of 300 tcs at 16½@19¼c for steam, and 19¾@19¾c for kettle rendered; also, 250 tcs steam, buyer August, at 19⅝c, and 250 tcs do., seller July, at 19c. Butter quiet at 16@32c for Ohio, and 25@36c for State. Cheese dull at 12@16c. Metals—Sheathing Copper drooping; Ingot Copper firm at 22c for Lake Superior; Pig Iron quiet and steady at $39@44 for Scotch, and $36@42 for American; Bar Iron very dull at $85@90 for refined English and American; Sheet Iron quiet at 11½@13½c in gold for Russia. Nails quiet at 4¾c for cut, 6¼c for clinch, and 26@30c for horse shoe. Freights to Liverpool firmer, with shipments of 70,000 bus wheat at 8½d.

Latest—Flour steady with a fair demand for export and speculation. Wheat firmer with moderate export demand at $1,46 for No. 2, $1,51 for No. 1 spring. Rye quiet and nominal. Oats steady at 79 for western afloat. Corn firm at 85@88 for good to prime sound mixed western via canal and railroad. Pork steady at $32,25 for mess. Beef quiet at former prices. Cut Meats and Bacon quiet and without change. Lard dull at 19⅜ for prime steam. Eggs dull at 20.

ST. LOUIS, July 3.—Markets generally heavy and but little doing, in anticipation of large receipts between now and Tuesday. Tobacco is unsettled but not quotably changed. Cotton; none offering, middlings would bring 36@36½. Hemp dull and unchanged. Flour active for superfines and extras, other grades very quiet; superfine sold at $4,50@5, extra $5,25@5,50, double extra $5,25@6,25, choice treble extra $7,12@7,50, fancy $8,75@9,50. Wheat dull and unchanged; common to choice No. 2 and No. 1 sold at $1,17@1,25, strictly prime new and old red fall at $1,30, choice old red $1,35@1,37½, choice white $1,40. Corn; buyers hold off and prices closed easier, sound to mixed sold at 80, yellow at 83, fair to choice white at 88@94. Oats heavy and weak at 66@67½, white at 68 70. Rye; small sales at $1@1,05. Whiskey steady at 93. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Provisions very dull. Pork lower at $32,75@33,25, and extra heavy $33,50. Bacon easy at 13¾@14 for shoulders, 18¼ for heavy clear sides. Lard nominal at 19. Cattle steady at 3@6¼ for inferior to prime, 6¼@7 for choice. Hogs in small supply and active at 8@9. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours amounted 1,900 barrels of flour, 2,900 bushels of wheat, 3,400 bushels of corn, 4,900 bushels of oats, 700 bushels of rye, 450 hogs.

CHICAGO, July 3.—Eastern Exchange less firm at par and 1-10 discount buying, and 1-10 premium selling. Flour quiet at $5,30@6,00 for spring extras. Wheat dull and 2@2½c lower; sales of No. 1 at $1,28@1,29½, and No. 2 at $1,25@1,26¼, closing at $1,25@1,25¼; this afternoon quiet and firm at $1,25½@1,26 for No. 2 seller July. Corn quiet, easier and ½@¾c lower; sales No. 1 at 71@73c; No. 2 71¼@72¼c, rejected 61@62½c; no grade 50@51c, closing steady at 71¾c for No. 2; unchanged this afternoon. Oats fairly active, firm and 1@1½c higher; sales No. 2 at 63¾@65½c, and rejected at 58¾@60c; at the close 65½c bid for No. 2. Rye quiet and steady; sales No. 1 at $1,05, and No. 2 at $1,02@1,03, closing at $1,05 for No. 1. Barley inactive and nominal. Highwines neglected and nominal at 92@95c. New Orleans Molasses 95c@$1. Sugar 13¾@14¾c for fair to choice. Provisions dull. Mess Pork nominal at $33. Lard nominal at 18½@18¾c. Shoulders firmer at 12¼@12½c. Freights dull and unchanged. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours—5,059 bbls flour, 54,237 bush wheat, 53,140 bush corn, 22,554 bush oats. Shipments—7,509 bbls flour, 65,891 bush wheat, 175,813 bush corn, 3,605 bush oats, 688 bush barley.

CLEVELAND, July 3.—Flour, city made, sales of treble extra white at $9, double extra amber at $7,75@8, double extra red winter at $6,75@7, extra red winter at $6, double extra spring at $6,50; country brands range as follows: double extra white at $7,50@8,25, double extra red and amber at $6,25@7,25, double extra spring at $6,25@6,75. The wheat market is very firm and held higher with sales of No. 1 red amber at $1,28, No. 2 nominal at $1,28@1,30. The corn market is firmer, but nominally unchanged at 75c for No. 1 mixed, 73c for No. 2 do. Oats firmer and 1c better with sales at 67c for No. 1 State. In rye there is no transaction and the market nominal. In barley there is, at present, no inquiry. The petroleum market is dull and inactive, there being no transactions in refined and prices nominal; crude held at $6,40.

CINCINNATI, June 3.—Flour quiet but prices are unchanged; sales of superfine at $4,75@4 90, extras $5,00@5.40 and family at $5,65@6,00. Wheat held more firmly, with sales of red winter at $1,20 for No. 2 and $1,25 for No. 1. Corn scarce and in demand at 72@73c for mixed, and 75c for white. Oats steady at 66@68c for mixed. Rye held higher but $1,10 is all that can be realized for No. 1. Barley nominal. Whisky sold at 92c. Cotton firm at 33c for middlings. Mess pork firm but quiet at $32,50. Bulk meats dull at 12¾c for shoulders, 15¾c for rib, 16¼c for clear rib, and 16¾c for clear sides. Lard sold at 19c for city but is not easy to buy at this price. Money stringent; exchange dull, par selling, 1-10 discount buying.

NEW ORLEANS, July 3.—Cotton stiffer at 32½@33 for middlings; sales 154, receipts 1,654 bales. Gold 137½. Sterling 51¼. New York sight ½ premium. Flour—superfine at $5,62@5,75; double extra at $6,20, and trebie extra at $6,35. Corn at $1. Oats 73t. Bran at $1,02½@1,05. Hay at $26@27. Pork $34,75. Bacon, retailing, shoulders at 14¾c; clear rib at 18¼c; clear sides at 18¾c. Lard 19¾@20¼c for tierce, and 21@22c for keg. Sugar, none in first hands; common 9¼@10c. and prime 13c. Molasses nominal fermenting; prime 60@64c. Whisky 97c@$1. Coffee fair 14½@15¼c.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—Flour in fair demand; sales of 2,000 barrels of northwestern extra family at $6,25@7, Ohio and Indiana at $6,75@7,75. Wheat dull; sales of 5,000 bushels of red at $1,40@1,47, amber $1,50, white $1,60@1,70. Rye firm at $1,35. Corn in limited demand; sales of 3,000 bushels of yellow at 94, high mixed 89@90, mixed western 85@87. Oats steady, western at 76. Groceries and Provisions unchanged. Petroleum dull, refined at 31⅞, crude at 22. Whiskey dull at 93c@$1,00.

OSWEGO, July 3.—Flour firm at $6,50 for No. 1 spring, $7 for amber, $8 for white, and $8,75 for double extra; sales 2,000 bbls. Wheat firm; sales 25,000 bus prime white Canada at $1,78, and 3,000 bus in bond at $1,50, and 5,500 bus red State on private terms; No. 1 Milwaukee is held at $1,47. Corn firm and quiet; sales 5,000 bus at $2,82. Rye scarce and nominal. Lake imports—44,500 bus wheat, 11,800 bus corn. Canal exports —38,600 bus wheat.

MILWAUKEE, July 3.—Flour dull; choice Iowa and Minnesota $5,50@6,00. Wheat; $1,29½ for No. 1 and $1,25½ for No. 2. Oats firm, at 66c for No. 2. Corn entirely nominal, at about 71c for No. 2. Rye steady, at $1,00 for No. 1. Barley nominal. Grain freights unchanged. Receipts—3,000 bbls flour, 58,000 bush wheat, 3,000 bush oats. Shipments—1,000 bbls flour, 99,000 bush wheat, 500 bush oats.

TOLEDO, July 3.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat opened 1½@2c better and active, and closed quiet: amber $1,43½@1,44; No. 1 red $1,33½; No. 2 red $1,33. Corn 1@1½c better; No. 1 75c on spot and 70½c, buyer July; No. 2 rejected 69c. Oats a shade better and quiet; Michigan 66c, at the close held at 66½c. Rye held at $1,10; small sales of No. 2 at $1,00. Barley dull and nominal.

LOUISVILLE, July 3.—Heavy bagging 22c. Flour in fair local demand at $4,25. Grain steady. Wheat—red $1,15; white $1,25. Corn—bulk 66c. Oats—bulk 70c. Rye $1,20. Leaf tobacco steady; sales 154 hhds at $5@21,50. Provisions quiet. Pork $33. Bacon—shoulders 14½c; clear sides 18c; clear ribs 18c; hams, sugar cured, 19½c. Lard—prime leaf 19½c. Highwines firmer.

BALTIMORE, July 3.—Flour dull. Wheat weak: prime new red $1,75@$1,80, do white $1,60@1,80. Corn dull; prime white 95@96c, yellow 92c. Oats firm at 70c for light. Mess pork quiet at $34. Bacon firm; rib sides 19c, clear sides 18¼@18½c, shoulders 15c. Hams 22c. Lard quiet at 20c. Whisky quiet at $1,02.

MEMPHIS, July 3.—Cotton quiet and firm at 32½@33c; receipts 36, exports 124 bales. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat—new $1,10@1,50. Corn 92@93c. Oats 80@82c. Hay $24@25. Bran 21@26c. Pork $34,50. Lard 20@21c. Bacon weak; shoulders 14¾c; sides 18¾c.

DETROIT, July 3.—Wheat market 3c higher; No. 1 white at $1,55@1,56; No. 2 do $1,34. Corn firm at 78@80c. Oats firm at 68@69c.

NASHVILLE, July 3.—Cotton quiet at 31c for low middling, and 30c for good ordinary.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 3.—The market is very dull, yet steady and firm for all staple styles of cotton. Heavy Brown Sheetings of the best eastern makes bring 16½@17c; Stark 16c; Augusta 15½c. Printing Cloths, 6-4 square, 9c. Prints irregular; Amoskeag range at 10¾@12½c, the inside rate being for poor old styles; other standard makes of fancy brands are selling from 12@14½c, the latter being an extreme, obtainable only for fresh styles. Ellenton Brown Cotton Flannels sell at 31c for H, 27c for N, 24c for O, 22½c for P, 17½c for T, 42c for Bleached W H, 30c for N O, 26c for O, 23½c for P and 19c for T.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 3.—1 car metal, Rees, Graff & Dull; 1 do do, Loomis & Collard; 1 do do, Superior Mills; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & Langenheim; 100 do do, S Lindsay, Jr & Co; 200 do do, owner; 100 do do, Culp & Shepard; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 700 rolls paper, E Lare & Co; 55 bxs cheese, 2 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 13 sks rags, Pitts Paper Co; 25 bxs soap, Watt, Lang & Co; 24 bgs oats, S B Floyd & Co; 25 kgs nails, Dithridge & Son; 11 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 10 bxs cheese, S Ewart & Co; 10 do do, J S Dilworth & Co; 1 car lumber, John Nanz; 13 sks wool, W Barker, Jr & Co; 31 bxs jars, W Little; 52 sks rags, John Hinkle; 167 bdls carriage hardware, T Hare & Bro.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 5.—400 bbls oil, Fisher Bro; 960 do do, Owston & Sowers; 320 do do, Pool Bro; 520 do do, J Munhall; 5 cars railroad iron, J B Dorrington; 3 cars lime, D L Reynolds; 1 car grain, S Hood; 3 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 4 do do, 14 pkgs butter, Burggerman & O'Brien; 1 car metal, H Woodsides; 97 bgs oats, Kell & Ritchart; 3 bbls eggs, L & J Blanchard; 8 bgs buckwheat, W H Kirkpatrick; 14 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 48 bgs oats, Adams & Austin; 113 sks wheat; Scott & Gisal; 5 rolls leather, M Delange; 2 bbls eggs H Rea, Jr; 5 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 2 cars metal, John Moorhead; 2 do do, Brown & Co; 1 car bark W Flaccus & Son.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 3.—9 cars blooms, Nimick & Co; 6 cars limestone ore, McKnight, P & 1 do ore, Brown & Co; 1 do do, Coleman, R & Co; 1 do iron ore, J Reamer; 200 empty oil bbls, Rayla & Robertson; 3 cars wheels, Smith & Porter; 10 bbls lager beer, J Kessler; 6 bdls gas pipe, J Wood & Co; 20 cases tobacco, Head & M; 3 cars stone, J L L Knox; 38 bbls flour, S P Shriver & Co; 9 bxs cheese, Van Gorder & S; 30 bdls chairs, Bedford Chair Co; 23 bgs oats, 3 do rye, Morrison & D; 337 sks ear corn, McBane & A.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 3.—19 sks oats, McHenry & H; 10 kgs w lead, Sellers, M & Co; 9 sks rags, 3 bbls eggs, F G Craighead; 44 sks oats, 8 do corn, Straub & Co; 2 cars cooperage, W Hastings; 100 bbls flour, Seghmyer & V; 280 sks wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 50 bbls fish, E Heazleton; 3 tcs hams, 12 bbls dry tongues, R E Sellers & Co; 10 bxs bacon, Dalzell & Co; 3 hhds tobacco, J Grier & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 3.—17 bgs corn, 9 do oats, 2 do rye, Rose & Ewing, 1 car wheat Kennedy Bro; 1 car lumber, John Nanz; 10 sks rags S Mooney; 8 cars iron ore; 7 cars limestone, Superior Iron Co; 150 sks, 100 bbls flour, Hippley & Beckert. 25 boxes cheese, A C Goodrich; 10 do rags, J B Jones; 15 rolls leather, Jas Callery; 3 cars stone, Forrester, & Megraw; 1 do do, J Adair; 1 do do, Huckenstelne & Co.

RIVER NEWS.

The river rose about six inches yesterday, and last evening the marks indicated eight feet and a half. Weather continues cloudy and hot—mercury at 5 P. M., 85.

The New State, from Wheeling, is the only arrival since Saturday.

The Kate Putnam, from Cincinnati, and Julia No. 2 from Zanesville, are due to-day.

The Glendale, Capt. J. H. Hare will be the first boat out for St. Louis, leaving on Wednesday or Thursday next.

The Camelia is still laid up; also the Bellevernon,

The Kate Putman left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Thursday, with 250 tons, nearly all of which was reshipped on her by the Armadillo. Pilots—Hamilton and Henderson.

The Tom Rees, R. C. Gray, Petrel No. 2 and Ironsides were at Cairo on Thursday.

The Leonidas left Cincinnati for New Orleans, Thursday, with an excellent trip, 650 tons.

—In the case of Bainbridge vs. the U. S. Mail Line, for damages to his wharf property, the jury gave the plaintiff $5,000 damages.

—The Vicksburg is to be towed to Louisville and dismantled, and her machinery placed in a new packet for the Ouachita trade.

—Capt. Levi T. Dix has sold his one-third interest in the Rose Hambleton to the other owners, at the rate of $1,600 for the entire boat.

—Captain Holcroft on Wednesday sold his one-eighth interest in the steamer Virginia to Captain Chas. Schutz, at the rate of $36,000 for the whole boat.

—A letter from Little Rock, dated June 2d, says: "River rising, and high. Some fears of an overflow, but most too late in the season. Crops tip-top.

—The Arkansas River Packet Company has withdrawn one boat from that river. Two boats per week leave Memphis now, on Mondays and Fridays.

—The Memphis and St. Louis Barge Line has effected a permanent organization by the election of J. McNamara as President, and A. L. Cummins Secretary and Treasurer.

—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is at work on the bridge across the Ohio from Parkersburg to Belpre. Over one hundred and fifty hands are employed, and twice that many will soon be set at work.

—The Terre Haute (Ind.) *Express*, of Tuesday, says: The steamer James Gray came in yesterday. Just this side of Darwin she ran afoul of a snag and knocked a hole in her hull, causing a few hours' detention.

—Capt. John A. Williamson, on Wednesday, purchased one-half of the steamer Anna, for $6,000, as follows: One-sixth from Uriah Shinkle, and two-sixths from Capt. O. P. Shinkle. Capt. S. still owns one-half, and will continue to command.

—On Tuesday, as the Ohio No. 4 was making a landing at Crown city, her crew discovered the dead body of a man floating in the river. The body was recovered, and proved to be that of a colored man, and was buried there by the authorities of the town.

—The New York and New Orleans steamship Wilmington, has been chartered at New York for a trip to St. Louis, and will leave that port as soon as ladened. She has all the freight engaged that she can carry. Insurance for $100,000 on her hull has been secured.

—On the 15th of June Messrs. Bussey & Co. shipped from St. Louis, by the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company, a loaded barge, to be delivered in good good order in New Orleans, usual exceptions being specified. The barge and cargo were sunk opposite New Orleans, there being no delivery. The consignees have entered suits for damages to barge and cargo, and Judge Theard, Fourth District Court, has given judgment in favor of plaintiffs, on the ground that the company did not use the amount of care necessary on the part of common carriers.

RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK. DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer GLENDALE.....Capt. JOHN M. HARE. Will leave for the above ports WEDNESDAY, 7th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents or CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

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ap10:o35

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ap2:g67

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mh29:w15

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ap26

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A large lot just received and for sale at lowest market price. W. W. KNOX,
my29:j98-8TTH

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		*Arrive.*	
Chicago Ex....	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:58 a m
Erie & Y'gn Ex.	7:28 a m	Chicago Ex..	12:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex....	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex & Mail	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex..	2:23 p m	Erie & Y'g'n Ex	5:58 p m
W'ls & Erie Ex	4:38 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:53 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac..	6:58 a m
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:28 a m
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Rochester "	1:28 p m	Enon "	9:13 a m
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	1:08 p m
Leetsdale Acc.	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	2:43 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:13 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	" "	7:23 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church.	1:13 p m

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors,

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:
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Terms—Daily.		Semi-Weekly.		Weekly.	
One year	$6.00	One year	$2.50	Single copy	$1.50
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MONDAY, JULY 5, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.
SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING
TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris, Miscellaneous. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Westminster College Commencement, Interesting Reading Matter.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86⅞@86¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49½f.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 137.

THE steamer United Kingdom, from New York to Glasgow, left port seventy-six days ago and has not since been heard of. She had some thirty passengers.

THE interruption in the work of laying the French Cable has soon and successfully ended, and the expedition comes rapidly westward under the most favorable auspices.

A RESOLUTION of Congress, adopted April 10, 1869, required the Pacific Railway Companies to deposit their first mortgage bonds in the Treasury, as security for the completion of those roads. Not a dollar has been so deposited. Why?

MR. GEORGE PEABODY has endowed his "Southern Educational Trust" with $1,400,000 more, swelling its funds to more than two millions of dollars. His letter, dated June 29th, 1869, expresses his hearty satisfaction with the present management of the Trust.

CINCINNATI is getting along famously with her ten million railway to Chattanooga. She has at last fairly reached the constitutional question, and stops to consider whether it can best be got by, with a thorough-cut or a tunnel. It is supposed to present the heaviest job in the entire contract.

BECAUSE our comments, upon an extraordinary abuse of their official position by an Allegheny Grand Jury, were conceived and expressed strictly in the line of judicial precedents in the Allegheny Courts, the Pittsburgh *Post* charges "abuse" upon the GAZETTE. Our neighbor seems to be equally heedless of the law and of the facts.

THE REGISTRY LAW is under examination before the full Supreme Court, at Philadelphia. The evident desire of Justices THOMPSON and SHARSWOOD that the consideration should be delayed, was not gratified. The arguments of counsel for the law not only support the constitutionality of its provisions, but impugn the propriety of the SHARSWOOD injunction, at *Nisi Prius*, as granted without jurisdiction, and to parties who had no judicial standing. All these questions will be discussed by eminent counsel, of whom Messrs. GIBBONS and MEREDITH lead for the law, while Messrs. HURST and PHILLIPS appear against it.

THAT General D. E. SICKLES, in former years, was not a saint—nay, that he offended grievously against decency and morality—must be admitted. Shall those early faults be continually cast into his face, for want of fresh accusations to bring against him? It appears to us that many newspapers—some of them Republican—exhibit both a lack of charity and a lack of reason in this matter. To practically insist that because a man or a woman has once betrayed or even rushed greedily into a serious fault, there shall be no forgiveness and no restoration to favor and confidence, is decidedly inexpedient and flagrantly unjust. Whatever wrongs Gen. SICKLES may have done, he has amply expiated, and those wrongs have been suceeded by a line of right conduct which fairly entitles him to exemption from the abuse which is now poured upon him.

SECRETARY BOUTWELL began, on Saturday, the payment of $31,000,000, the July interest on the debt. Other $20,000,000 are also to be paid out in dividends by private corporations. These large disbursements are an earnest of greater ease in financial circles. In the meantime, the Internal Revenue receipts, which on Saturday swelled to over one and a third millions, give the assurance that the Secretary will be enabled to continue his policy, of discharging the national debt with an unprecedented rapidity. He could not pay without first collecting the needful funds, through the existing imposts. That these are now honestly collected and applied is the simple explanation of the present flattering posture of things. The thieving "rings" are flattened out—and must be kept so.

THERE is no law in the Commonwealth to restrain the *Commercial* from displaying its ignorance and stupidity, whenever a fresh question of importance arises, else we should appeal to it in the general interests of the community. But we will endeavor farther to enlighten it in relation to the law of Sunday.

The Supreme Court, in pronouncing an opinion in any case, can only declare the law on the point or points actually involved therein. In the case of 1859, in which the opinion of the Court was pronounced by Judge LOWRIE, the only point was whether a person could lawfully ride to church on Sunday in his or her carriage. That point was decided affirmatively. In the case of 1867, in which the opinion of the Court was declared by Judge READ, the only point was whether railway corporations could be restrained by injunction from running cars on Sunday. The decision was that such corporations could not be restrained in that way.

INFLUENTIAL journals in Georgia recommend that their Legislature, which meets next Tuesday, shall absolutely vacate the seats to which colored members were elected, in which they ratified the XIVth Article, and from which they were then expelled and the seats given to their white competitors. This step is urged as a "compromise," and, like most proposals of that sort, is a trap for verdant fingers. It does not engage to accept a possible election of new colored members; it does not even submit, expressly or by inference, to the judgment by which their Supreme Court affirmed the eligibility of negroes to office. But the door is left wide open for the repetition, if need be, of the same outrage which has brought so much present trouble upon the State. Nor even with the most specific pledges in this respect would the case be mended. The colored members first elected either have or have not a good title to their seats. In the one case, their restoration affords the only possible reparation; in the other, there remains no shadow of call for any compromise whatever relinquishing an iota of the alleged State rights. Clearly, the proposition is to be wholly at the Radical expense, and therefore inadmissible. Accept it, and we abandon all of the real Federal case against the Georgia rebels; and it will remain more than ever doubtful whether their ratification of the XIVth Article was, or was not, a fraud, or as to the valid claim of the State to Congressional representation.

OUR neighbors of the *Post* and *Commercial* find satisfaction in quoting the opinions of one of their country exchanges, touching the management of the GAZETTE in the interests of effective Republicanism. Their quotations are quite copious enough to reveal the *animus*, toward the GAZETTE, of their rural friend,—to such readers, not ourselves, as were previously ignorant of its direction. Let us observe that advice from that particular quarter should certainly be regarded as disinterested and impartial, when we remember the contrast between its present commendations of the *Commercial*, and its bitter invectives, of not long ago, against the impudence and venality of a Pittsburgh journalist whom it then described as coming here fresh from the discreditable experiences of the Albany lobby—a mild insinuation to which one of our neighbors retorted, with equal candor and point, by the plain advertisement that, when it spoke of public corruption in general, its readers might once for all understand a constant personal allusion to its present rustic eulogist. But now they seem to have composed their little strifes, and to join, as a common labor of love, in deploring the "unworthy personalities" of the GAZETTE. We have all heard of "Satan rebuking sin"—but may here behold a yet lower anti-climax of reproof.

We appreciate the kindly sentiments toward us which seem to be equally shared by our two neighbors and their country friend, nor have we failed to do so heretofore. We have no advice for them in return. We shall patiently wait to see by what adroit ways their *entente cordiale* may seem to be broken, in their open assaults and secret stabs at that party whose "peril", if it exists, really pleases each of the trio alike, since each has, to the best of his ability, played his appropriate part in bringing it about. In undoing their own work, they may display a characteristic facility, and we hope they may have more than their usual success.

THE GERMAN CELEBRATION.

Notwithstanding the protest of many citizens, a large and respectable portion of the Germans of this city and vicinity *did* celebrate yesterday, the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence. How many thousands participated, we are not prepared to say, but the procession was imposing as to numbers, and was as orderly as such a demonstration could possibly be. Except that Sunday was put to a use quite unusual in this country, and altogether at variance with the theological ideas and habits of large classes of the people, no reasonable exceptions could be taken; that is, if the same demonstration had been made on any other day of the week, it would have been universally considered as highly creditable.

Regarding as we do—not from tradition, but from examination and conviction—Sunday and Preaching to be among the best instrumentalities for the moral and religious elevation of the people, we are strongly averse to have their due and regular observance interfered with. That the appropriation of a portion of Sunday to a patriotic commemoration is a breach of the laws of this State, we are not prepared to affirm. Lawyers are by no means unanimously of the opinion that it is; and a judicial decision to that effect will be required before all classes of citizens will be brought to agreement on that point. But that such appropriation of the day, or of any part thereof, does great violence to the religious feelings and opinions of many citizens is obvious. In this view of the case, if from no higher one, our judgment is clear that the demonstration was unadvised, and has been promotive of harm in the estrangement of elements of the population which will ultimately be mingled into one, and through whose joint co-operation the preservation of American liberty must be wrought out.

On the other hand, we know what the Germans urge. They say that they are citizens in the same absolute sense as though they had been born here; that their rights of conscience in matters of religion are just as sacred as those of other classes of citizens; that when the first white settlers of this country came here they paid not the least deference to the laws and customs they found established, and not only disregarded both, but swept the primitive inhabitants nearly all away, and have SHERIDAN and his associates in hot pursuit of the residue that remain; that the foreign missionary enterprises conducted from this country are all aggressive, avowedly designed to overturn all religious ideas, and social arrangements based thereon, throughout the whole world; and that a system thus pursued with the appropriation of the clergy and laity of all religious denominations, cannot be morally defective, and, consequently, open to reprobation.

Whoever expects easily to adjust antagonisms of this sort, clearly misunderstands of what stuff human nature in general, or his own portion of it in particular, is composed. We commend both sides to cultivate a better acquaintance with each other; to give more consideration to the virtues of each, and lay less stress on the peculiarities or foibles that may be detected on the opposite side. The Puritan is here, in the persons of his descendants, modified somewhat, but strong and vigorous as ever. The German is here, and here he will stay. Millions more of his countrymen will follow him, and permanently abide. These two stocks will ultimately interblend. It is in the order of Nature and Providence that it must be so. The result of this interblending will be not a reproduction of the Puritan or the German type, but, we trust, something between the two and better than either.

THE POWERS OF GRAND JURIES—THEIR USE AND ABUSE.

On Saturday morning, it was our duty to animadvert upon the remarkable proceedings of our Allegheny Grand Jury, in uttering a public libel under the specious pretext of a *quasi* "presentment" founded upon "common rumor and the public press." They were, indeed, so "innocent" as to invite the Judges on the bench to expose themselves to indictment by coming down, and into the Grand Jury room, to take part in a proposed inquisition. That our strictures were well merited, is the common sentiment of the bar and of the people. From the Bench, no opinion is yet expressed: be that what it may, when it comes we shall contentedly abide its judgment.

In the meantime comes an instructive report from the Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia. The Grand Jury of that Court came in on Friday to inquire as to their power of proceeding against certain journals "which had reflected unwarrantably upon themselves and upon the Court." Also:

"How far, if at all, can the Grand Jury take official action in cases where violations of law are by common rumor said to have been committed by individuals or by corporations, when no complaint has been made under oath by any prosecutor before a magistrate, according to the usual practice in criminal cases."

We trust that our readers will give a careful heed to the enquiry thus quoted; its application to the case of Friday in our own Quarter Sessions will strike every one.

And thereupon Judge LUDLOW forthwith replied, his opinion being freely reported in the journals before us. He disposed of the first question, of an alleged "contempt," citing the law which limits the judicial authority and maintains the liberty of citizens and of the press, and thus added:

Observe, gentlemen, how carefully the liberty of the citizen and of the press is protected, and see in this law how arbitrary would be the act of the Grand Jury and the Court which summoned, without a preliminary oath and a judicial hearing, any citizen or citizens, and especially the editors of the press, to the bar of this court and thus branded them as criminals.

I would rather suffer unjust and even imprudent criticism than violate a great principle, for I know that sooner or later an act of injustice will be rectified by an enlightened public opinion, while a violation of a principle not only inflicts a mortal wound upon the cause of the liberty of the press and of the citizen, but that wound would be inflicted by the arm sworn to protect and defend both.

Judge LUDLOW then observed that "the powers of a Grand Jury are by no means as extensive as is sometimes supposed." To be exactly accurate, he quoted the definitions as ably laid down by Judge KING, and as since sustained by his successors.

These rules requiring a preliminary information and commitment, had three exceptions: 1st, the Courts may, of their own motion, call the attention of jurors to matters of general public import, bearing on things rather than persons, the object being the suppression of general and public evils, "such as great riots, general public nuisances, multiplied and flagrant public vices and the like." In such cases the Court may summon and swear witnesses and send them before the Jury. (The Judge don't go himself!) But, added the Judge:

"This course is never adopted in cases of ordinary crimes charged against individuals, because it would involve, to a certain extent, the expression of opinion by anticipation of facts subsequently to come before the courts for direct judgment, and because such cases present none of those urgent necessities which authorize a departure from the ordinary course of justice. In directing any of these investigations the Court acts under their official responsibilities, and must answer for any step taken not justified by the proper exercise of a sound judicial discretion.

2nd. The Attorney General may, *ex officio*, prefer an indictment before the jury, without a previous binding over or commitment of the accused. This power must be, and is, cautiously exercised, that officer being responsible both to the State and to an aggrieved citizen.

3rd. The other and last method is by a presentment from the jury, *on their own knowledge or observation* without any bill of indictment first laid before them.

And the Judge added:

Your power, you will observe, is limited to the case in which you act "from your own knowledge or observation," or upon matters given you in charge by the Court, and the Court have no power except in cases "of great riots that shake the social fabric, carrying terror and dismay among citizens, general public nuisances affecting public health, multiplied and flagrant vices," and I add upon my own responsibility, in cases where, by the action of the Government, the personal liberty of all citizens is endangered, and the like.

The concluding paragraph of Judge LUDLOW's opinion is worthy of *special attention* in this quarter, and at this juncture. Observe:

I ought further to add that it is a serious offence for any person to attempt directly to influence Grand Jurors in their action on any question before them. If any such attempt has been made, and is within your own knowledge, upon the fact being established by the oath of one or more of your own number, taken before you, a presentment may be made to the Court, whereupon an indictment for embracery may be framed, and if the party shall upon trial be convicted, the offence will most certainly be punished according to law.

We give much space to this matter, since the Philadelphia case bears so faithful an analogy to the affair in Allegheny. Its exposition of the law is as timely as it is unanswerable. The public can now realize into what a snare our Grand Jury have been led, by following "common rumor and the public press," into "vague and indiscriminate impeachments" of public officers without legal proof.

Finally: "Common rumor" upon our streets explains the conduct of the Grand Jury on Friday last, by the hypothesis that at least a portion of its members had been imposed upon and misled into their deplorable blunder. *By whom, and for what secret purpose! If there has been "embracery" here, let it be exposed and punished!*

THERE is no longer a doubt as to the position of the Adminstration upon the Cuban question. There will be no recognition either of the belligerency or of the independence of the shadowy insurgent Republic. A Washington reporter says:

This course has been adopted after mature consideration. The negotiations, which will soon be revived, between our Government and Great Britain regarding the Alabama difficulties, have had much to do with this result, for the reason that a compliance with the wishes of the Cubans would detract from the justice and consistency of our demands against England. I have good reason to believe, however, that the Administration will embrace the opportunity of the present disturbances for the purchase of Cuba.

We doubt the truth of the statement in the last clause of the above quotation. The Administration is making a better use of the available public funds, in discharging the public obligations. Although Spain is just now more than ever ready to sell Cuba, we are less than ever able to spare the money for it. The country has entered upon the line of economy and of the honest liquidation of the vast public burthens, and, under GRANT's leadership, will fight it out on that line until March 4, 1873. Least of all, would it be wise to buy either lawsuits or civil wars.

The final decision of the authorities upon this Cuban matter will gratify all the world, except General BANKS and his omnibus-load of sympathizing propagandists, and also excepting the statesmen of that fraternal land, across the Atlantic, which we look to for the payment of our just claims for Anglo-rebel depredations upon our ocean commerce. The British legation at Washington don't like a decision which stops their expected breach in our international position; our own honest neutrality is no longer assailable as they had hoped for. As we predicted months ago, the Cuban question has been practically transferred to London, to stand or fall with the outcome in the Alabama affair. This result merits the heartiest approval of an intelligent American public.

QUESTIONABLE FILIBUSTERS.

The telegraph on Saturday announced that a body of men left the Port of Erie for Canada, to embark for Cuba on a filibustering expedition. We do not think the telegram was correct. Last Friday we met, in traveling, some of them, *en route*, much too ignorant to conceal their predatory excursion, if such was intended, who stated that Cuba was the last place they wanted to strike. The following, from the Erie *Dispatch*, fully explains the centralization of these men:

On Friday afternoon a body of men, armed with the paraphernalia of carpet-baggers, marched down street to the dock, where they awaited passage on the propeller St. Paul, to Du Luth, the new city at the head of navigation on Lake Superior. They numbered nearly three hundred, and were recruited in Philadelphia, to work on the construction of the new railroad from Du Luth to St. Paul. Besides ordinary laborers, this body of men comprise many mechanics, who go there to win homes and wealth. The workmen, four fifths of whom are said to be Philadelphia firemen, are under the care of Contractor Strickland.

WESTMINSTER COLLEGE.

An account of the recent Commencement exercises at this College from our correspondent at New Wilmington will be found in another column. It is well written, and we trust will enlighten many of our readers as to the high character of the College. Very few, we fear, among us are aware that so excellent and prosperous a Collegiate Institution is just on our borders and in full panoply for large and continued usefulness.

Washington Items.

The Treasury to-day commenced its new programme of buying one million dollars of bonds, and on Thursday next, July 8, of selling one million dollars of gold. After that date it will alternate weekly with the purchase of one million dollars of bonds in one week, and the sale of one million dollars of gold the succeeding week.

Such of the Cuban leaders as have visited Washington this week, seem to be a good deal dispirited by the course of our Government in enforcing the neutrality laws. The attaches of the British Legation talk as though they had suffered a defeat, and the only possible inference to be drawn from their conversation is that they hoped to find in the departure of Cuban expeditions, an advantage to their side in the Alabama controversy. Gen. Banks has been here two or three days, advocating the recognition of Cuban belligerency. It does not appear that he made much impression on the members of the Cabinet.

THE Wellsburg *News* says a meeting of the Directors of the projected Holliday's Cove and Wellsburg Railroad was to be held Friday. It adds:

We will also state that we have the best authority for saying that everything looks favorable for the immediate building of the railroad from Wellsburg to Holliday's Cove. We also have the assurance that, as soon as this is commenced, the capitalists of Wheeling will take immediate steps for prosecuting the work of extending the road to their city.

OF THE large reduction in the public debt, a Washington dispatch says:

When Secretary Boutwell read the statement to General Grant he expressed himself as highly pleased, and remarked that if the receipts of the Treasury continued to increase, and the public debt decreases, he was satisfied as to the success of his administration, and cared not for the croaking and sneering of the politicians and their representatives, the partisan press.

Mr. Seward's Reception at San Francisco.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—Wm. H. Seward arrived here last night and was welcomed with a grand reception. The First California Guard Light Battery fired a salute of one hundred guns on the arrival of the steamer, and the National Guard acted as an escort to Mr. Seward and the Committee on Reception to the Occidental, where an enthusiastic multitude assembled to greet the venerable statesman, who made a brief speech thanking the people for the honor conferred upon him, after which the parlors of the hotel were thrown open, and our citizens had an opportunity of personal greeting with the great man.

The Fourth at Nashville.

[By Telegraoh to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, July 4.—The anniversery of the national birthday was celebrated to-day by our Germans. At eight o'clock in the morning they formed in procession, marched through a number of the principal streets of the city and out to the Horticultural Garden. The procession was large and composed of the elite of the German population. At the Garden speeches were made by Charles Nelson, John Ruhm and Rev. J. W. Rehster, of Nashville, and A. Bohr, of Chattanooga. After the speaking a barbecue was served up and the remainder of the day spent in sports peculiar to the Germans. Thousands of our citizens of all classes were present during the day.

—At a meeting of the Trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund, held at New York on Thursday of last week, George Peabody added one million dollars in railroad and other bonds, mostly Southern, to the "Peabody Educational Fund," so called, and three hundred and eighty-four thousand dollars in Florida six per cent. bonds and over due coupons.

—At Richmond, Va., yesterday, the funeral of Col. James R. Branch, who was killed by the falling of a bridge last Friday, was attended by a large concourse of citizens. Some alarm was created at the church, where the immense crowd caused the vestibule floor to sink, but no one was hurt.

—The Irish Republican Association of the United States will meet in Chicago to-day. Quite a large number will be present from all parts of the [illegible]

Storms and Freshets in the West.

A Government contractor from Fort Sully makes the following report: No rain of any account north or west of Sioux City, and but little beyond Omaha. The Missouri river is rising at these points but very little, and that little not attributable to the rain. Below Council Bluffs, however, the damage is very great. From Phelps' to Craig Station on the Council Bluffs and St. Joe Railroad the track is from three to four feet under water, there having been no trains for four days. Captain Bartle, of the steamer Mountaineer, reports that at a creek below Council Bluffs he saw twenty-seven dead bodies taken out, the bodies of men, women and children, drowned from the sudden rise of the rivers and the overflow of the flat prairie land. From every quarter below Kansas City the reports come of the loss of life and property.

Advices from Dubuque, Iowa, say that one of the most fearful storms ever known has just passed through the lower part of Clinton county, it being nothing more nor less than a violent tornado, which pursued nearly the same path marked out by the famous Camanche hurricane of 1860. Nothing was able to withstand its progress; fences were swept away like chaff, trees were wrenched out by the roots, cattle, hogs and poultry were taken up into the air, carried a great distance and killed. But the greatest scene of ruin and devastation was wrought at Malone, a small station on the Northwestern road. Nearly every house in the village was leveled to the ground, and one woman killed, while several others were severely wounded. The damage done to property is estimated at several thousand dollars.

A Kansas paper, in referring to the storms and freshets in that State, says that a colony of Swedes who were encamped on the Kaw river in temporary shanties, they being en route for the back settlements, were suddenly engulfed by the late rising of the Kaw. The party endeavored to escape, but only thirteen succeeded in doing so, the remainder, numbering some twenty in all, being carried away and submerged in the waters.

The Evening Mail.

Summer weather appears to agree with our young cotemporary the *Evening Mail*. All these warm, rainy days which have made the crops grow so well must have had the same effect on the *Mail*, for it has grown finely, and has besides, come out in a neat and remarkably tasteful summer dress. These and the facts that its news and editorial matter are fresh and pleasing, and its advertising columns generously filled, lead us to believe that the *Mail* is in good hands, whose labor meets with merited public appreciation. We like to see a newspaper, particularly a good newspaper, show signs of prosperity like this, and we are right glad that the *Mail* is flourishing so finely.

Criminal Court Sentences.

In the Criminal Court Saturday the following sentences were passed:

Wm. Barnes, convicted of burglariously entering the store and dwelling of Wm. Stewart, at Corry and Rebecca streets, Allegheny, was sentenced to undergo two years and six months imprisonment in the county jail.

Joseph Myers, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to six months imprisonment in the county jail.

Margaret McBride, convicted of illegal liquor selling, was sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and a fine of $50.

Eliza McNutt, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to the county jail for a period of sixty days.

—Lieutenant General Phil. Sheridan is at the Fifth avenue Hotel, New York.

THE SYMPTONS OF CONSUMPTION.

Paleness of the countenance.
Spitting, or expectoration of pus.
This pus sinks in water.
It is sometimes streaked with blood.
There is chilliness or shiverings, and flashes of heat.
There is a pearly whiteness of the eyes.
The hair of the head falls off.
At times there is a circumscribed red spot on one or both cheeks.
There is swelling of the hands and feet.
There is great debility and emaciation of the body.
There is a high colored state of the urine.
With a deposit on standing like brick dust.
There is oftentimes a great thirst.
The blood is hurried through the arteries and veins.
The pulse is over a hundred, and even as high as one hundred and forty a minute.
The veins on the surface of the body are bluer than usual, and languid.
As the disease progresses the debility increases.
The expectoration becomes more copious.
The finger nails are incurvated.
There is a marasmus and wasting of all the powers of life.
There is often pain in one or both lungs.
There is often diarrhoea and faintness.
There is great sinking of the vital forces.
When there are turbercles, small portions of turberculous matter will be expectorated.
This tubercular matter has an offensive odor.
On an examination with a lung sound, rattling and gurgling is heard.
There is always more or less cough.
Some of these symptons are always present in pulmonary consumption, and nearly or quite all of them in different stages of the disease.

No disease of which we have any knowledge is so common and so almost invariably fatal; yet this need not be the case if the earlier symptoms were heeded. Time and again we have called attention to Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, which will in every instance of a recent cough arrest the progress of the disease and hinder its development, and even after it has become settled will often cure it and arrest further decay of the lungs.

Sold at the great Medicine Store, No. 167 LIBERTY STREET, one door from St. Clair. Dr. Keyser may be consulted at his LIBERTY STREET OFFICE EVERY DAY UNTIL 12 o'clock, and at his resident office, No. 120 Penn street, from 1 to 4 o'clock.

THE SEASON OF EXHAUSTION.

No matter how vigorous by nature the system and the constitution may be, they must necessarily suffer more or less from the depleting effects of the temperature of midsummer, unless strengthened and sustained by wholesome tonic treatment. The extra pressure upon the vital forces must be met and counterbalanced by an extra resistant power: the unusual and rapid consumption of the animal fluids by profuse perspiration must be compensated by the perfect digestion and assimilation of the food taken into the stomach from which both the fluids and the solids of the body are derived. Otherwise the physical strength declines, and the mind, sympathizing with the machinery through which it acts, becomes depressed and enervated. A STIMULANT is therefore absolutely required at this season; not a violent one, calculated to produce febrile excitement, but something which will recruit and reinforce the whole organization in proportion to the extraordinary drain to which the torrid heat subjects it.

This desideratum is supplied in a palatable and most efficient form in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which the people of this country, after more than twenty-five years' experience, have accepted and endorsed as the best tonic, alterative and antibilious preparation which medical chemistry has yet succeeded in obtaining from the strengthening, healing and purifying products of the vegetable kingdom. Every ingredient of this famous compound has its own specific virtue, and the result of their combination is the most genial invigorant, aperient and regulating medicine ever administered, either as a preventive or cure of the disorders most common in our variable climate. Among these may be enumerated dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, fever and ague, nervous debility, and all the ailments proceeding from imperfect digestion. A course of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS [illegible] the best possible safeguard against [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **PETROLEUM ASSOCIATION.**—There will be a special meeting of the Petroleum Association on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, July 7th, at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

A. F. BROOKS,
jy5:160 Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, July 3d, 1869.

☞ **THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable to the stockholders forthwith free of all taxes.

R. W. MACKEY,
jy5:166 Cashier

PITTSBURGH, JULY 3.
NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,
No. 423 Penn Street.

☞ **THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** BANK have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 12th inst., free of Government tax.

jy5 ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.

☞ **QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.**
FIRST NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government Tax.

J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
JULY 5, 1869. jy5:162

☞ **PITTSBURGH THEATRE.**
H. W. WILLIAMS, Lessee and Manager.
TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES TO-DAY. Matinee at 2½ o'clock; Night at 8 o'clock, THE WORKING GIRLS OF PITTSBURGH. A superb Olio and a National Tableaux, and the Nautical Drama called THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER.

☞ **NEW OPERA HOUSE.**
LESSEE.....M. W. CANNING, Esq.
MANAGER.....Mr. CHAS. H. DUPREZ.

SUCCESS AND ATTRACTION UNEQUALED. ONE WEEK MORE.

Commencing Monday Evening, July 5th, and continue every night during the week.

TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES ON THE 6th—afternoon at 2½ o'clock, evening at 8 o'clock.

Second and positively last week of the gigantic

Duprez & Benedict's Minstrels,

Introducing on this occasion the great sensation burlesque,

BOSTON PEACE JUBILEE.

And two new extraordinary programmes by this famous Mammoth Troupe of 26 ETHIOPIAN ARTISTES, led by the great LEW BENEDICT.

Twenty-five Cent Special Matinee Saturday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock.

Grand farewell performance Saturday night, July 10th, previous to the troupe's departure for Chicago and Philadelphia. jy5:163

SUMMER TRADE!

WHITE GOODS,

STOCKINGS AND GLOVES,

Hats, Bonnets and Sundowns,

HOOP SKIRTS, FANS, HAIR GOODS,

Paper Goods, Linen Handkerchiefs,

SUMMER UNDERGARMENTS,

PLAIN STAR SHIRTS,

FANCY SHIRTS, SHIRT FRONTS, BUTTONS, GIMPS, ZEPHYR SHAWLS, NECK TIES SUSPENDERS, FRINGES, BRAIDS, LACES,

And a full line of

NOTIONS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

AT

Wholesale and Retail.

Stock always complete and fair prices. Wholesale Agents for MERSEROLE & LIBBY'S superior make of PAPER COLLARS. Trade supplied at Factory Prices.

Merchants can save time and money by "sorting up" from our stock.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
jy5

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,
NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.
my8:193

PHILIP PHILLIPS'
NEW MUSIC BOOK,
THE STANDARD SINGER.

BISHOP HAMLINE'S SERMONS.....$2.00
ANECDOTES OF THE WESLEY'S.. 1.50

The Trade Supplied at Publishers' Prices, at

METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,
120 Smithfield Street.
JOSEPH HORNER,
je23-FMW

BLANK BOOKS.

LEDGERS,
JOURNALS,
DAY BOOKS,
DOCKETS,
INVOICE BOOKS,
CASH BOOKS,

And every description of Memorandum Books on hands and for sale by

W. S. HAVEN & CO.,
Corner Wood Street and Third Avenue.
jy3:161

STOCKTON HOTEL,

CAPE MAY, N. J.,

Will open on the 24th of JUNE, 1869. This hotel has been erected within the past year, affords ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.

For terms, &c., until then, address,
PETER GARDNER, Proprietor,
No. 307 Walnut street, Philadelphia.
fe23:k15-WFM

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
...SSION STABLES
...LIBERTY ST.,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEDGEWICK STREET.—The undersigned, appointed to assess damages and benefits for opening Sedgewick street, Sixth Ward, City of Allegheny, will meet on the premises on FRIDAY, July 23d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., to attend to duties of their appointment.

T. J. HERMANN,
LEONARD WALTER,
THOMAS SMITH.
jy5:185

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, July 3, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving FOSTER'S ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 14, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

jy6 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

REBECCA STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Rebecca street, First ward, Allegheny, from Craig to Federal street, will meet on the premises to attend to duties of their appointment, on WEDNESDAY, July 23d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M.

JOHN RAMSEY,
A. HOSACK,
jy5:165 A. M. MARSHALL.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

T is Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO. W. MULLIN, Proprietor,
Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy5:167

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I have this day associated with me in the Hat, Cap and Fur Business, Messrs. JOHN W. OGLEVEE and JOHN G. BENNETT. The business will be conducted as heretofore at the old established stand, No. 139 WOOD STREET, under the firm name of

WM. FLEMING & CO.

WM. FLEMING. J. G. BENNETT. J. W. OGLEVEE.

WM. FLEMING & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Hats, Caps, Ladies' Furs,
AND
STRAW GOODS,
No. 139 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
jy5

REDUCTION

IN

PRICES!

BATES & BELL

Offer the Balance of

SUMMER GOODS CHEAP

TO

CLOSE OUT.

je29

M'CORD & CO.

OFFER THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF

STRAW GOODS

AT GREATLY

REDUCED PRICES.

je29

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny (Ly. corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salmon, Bass, Sturgeon, Herring and Mackinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh25

J. R. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT
SWINT & BRATT,
ARCHITECTURAL AND
ORNAMENTAL CARVERS
No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done. oct:v86

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

ROSADALIS

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

de7:b10-MWF

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,
FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY
ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,
83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.
☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by

J. R. CANFIELD.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement for sale by J. R. CANFIELD

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

AT

ABOUT HALF THEIR USUAL PRICES.

AT 18 3-4 TO 25 CENTS.

SUMMER MOHAIR POPLINS,

ALPACAS---IN CHOICE COLORS.

Plaid Leno Mohairs,

GRAY MIXED POPLINS,

PLAID POPLINS, &c,

THE ABOVE GOODS ARE

ENTIRELY NEW,

Having Been Opened Within the Last Few Days, and

ARE DECIDED BARGAINS.

NEW CASSIMERES

AT

PRICES LOWER THAN BEFORE THE WAR.

AT 12 1-2 CENTS,

Fine Yard Wide Bleached Muslin,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

S. A. CLARKE & CO.,
119 WOOD STREET,
2d DOOR BELOW FIFTH, OFFER

LEDGERS,
JOURNALS,
DAY BOOKS,

COPYING PRESSES,
COPYING BOOKS,
WRITING PAPERS, ENVELOPES,
INK STANDS,
Document Envelopes,
WRITING FLUIDS,
MABIE TODD & CO'S
Celebrated Gold Pens,
AND GENERAL
OFFICE STATIONERY
AT LOW PRICES.
jy3 stw

BANKRUPTCY PLAYED OUT!

$2.00.—THIS CARD entitles the bearer, on presentation, to **TWO DOLLARS** abatement on a cash purchase of $25.00 at the great cheap clothing house of

S. C. TRAUERMAN,
ORIGINAL BIG NUMBER 11,
Sixth Street, late St. Clair.

Nobody beat by this establishment, but fair dealing to all! Call and be convinced. All clothing plainly marked by printed cards, at

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

So that no one may be deceived. Remember the place, original big number 11, SIXTH STREET, late St. Clair.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS OF THIS!

S. C. TRAUERMAN.
de25:TU-S

2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,
EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,
au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

DISSOLUTION.

The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between RUSSELL ERRETT, WILLIAM ANDERSON and DAVID B. FERGUSON, under the name of ERRETT, ANDERSON & CO., in the Job Printing business at No. 84 Fifth avenue, was dissolved on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1869, by the withdrawal of David B. Ferguson. The business of the firm will be settled by either of the undersigned at the office of the late firm, who alone are entitled to use the name of the firm.

RUSSELL ERRETT,
WILLIAM ANDERSON.
PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1869. jy2:159

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,
AT THE WHITE FRONT,
339 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
je29

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE ANNIVERSARY

OF OUR

NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE.

NEW STOCK OF

LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

HATS, BONEETS,

RIBBONS AND FLOWERS.

NEW ASSORTMENT OF

PLAIN AND FANCY FANS.

Ladies' and Children's Gloves.
Handkerchiefs and Collars.
Sun Umbrellas.
Parasols, &c., &c.

OUR STOREROOM WILL BE CLOSED

ON

MONDAY, JULY 5.

To accommodate our customers and others as much as possible, we will be opened on Saturday evening until 10 o'clock.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN,
NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices.

Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits.
Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks.
Gents' Alpaca Sacks.
Gents' White and Brown Duck Suits.
Gents' Scotch Chevoit Business and Walking Suits.

CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

AT

GRAY & LOGAN'S,
No. 47 SIXTH STREET,
LATE ST. CLAIR.
jy1:130

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL
FOR
YOUNG LADIES.
EILDON SEMINARY,

North Penna. Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia.

Miss CARR'S seventeenth session will open

SEPTEMBER 15, 1869,

At this healthful and beautiful situation. Terms moderate, instruction thorough. Apply for circular at Gazette Counting Room, or office of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia, or to the Principal, Shoemakertown P. O., Montgomery county, Pa. je21:180

WOOD TURNING,
SCROLL SAWING,
AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newel Posts, Rubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.

myl1:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

REMOVAL.
H. HIGBY & CO.

Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Boundary and Laurel streets is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, July 12th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection

H. J. MOORE,
jy1:128 City Engineer.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-T:TH S

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread,

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

FISH! FISH!—Potomoc Shad in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in various sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 172 and 174 Wood street.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS, GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 40,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—A Large House of 11 Rooms, on Fourth avenue. Suitable for boarding house. Water and gas. Enquire of MORGAN & ROBERTS, 114 Fourth avenue.

TO-LET.—Four commodious and conveniently located ROOMS, on Federal street, Allegheny, just adjoining the toll gate. Rent $12 per month. Apply to JOHN S. ASHWORTH, on the premises.

TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of years. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Photograph Gallery, Dispatch Building.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE COAL LANDS IN VIRGINIA FOR SALE OR LEASE.—The undersigned, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Henrico, in the State of Virginia, made on the 3d day of May, 1869, will receive PROPOSALS IN WRITING, either for the PURCHASE OR LEASE, from and after the 31st DECEMBER, 1869, for the whole or any part, of the COAL LANDS situate in Chesterfield county, Va., belonging to the Chesterfield Coal and Iron Mining Company.

The lands of said Company more than 4300.-000. The mines which they contain have been and are now being profitably worked by the present lessees, and the property is considered of great value for its coal and iron ore.

The different tracts are known as follows:
"WOOLDRIDGE'S and FALLING CREEK," containing about TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR ACRES;
"BLACK HEATH," NINETY-NINE ACRES;
"BARKER and BRANCH'S," NINETY-NINE ACRES;
"HARVIE and HARRIS'," TWO HUNERED AND TWENTY FOUR ACRES;
"CULLIN'S," SEVENTY-SIX ACRES;
"MARTIN'S," (one tract,) THIRTY ACRES;
"MARTIN'S," (another tract,) THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX ACRES;
"SALLE P TS," TWO HUNDRED ACRES, and a COAL-YARD and LAND attached thereto, on James river, opposite Richmond, containing upwards of FOUR ACRES.

Inquiries and proposals may be addressed to the undersigned, Postoffice Box 342, Richmond, Va., until the 20th day of October, A. D. 1869.

It is recommended that the proposals be made as specific as possible since the decree requires them to be reported to the Court for its approval or disapproval at the next term, commencing on the 25th day of October, 1869

ANDREW JOHNSTON,
POWHATAN ROBERTS,
Special Commissioners.
j1

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1 800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 3 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.
jy2:136

FOR SALE—A beautiful country home, located near Perrysville, eight miles from the city, fronting on the Plank Road. The grounds contain 53 acres in all, is well improved, and in a high state of cultivation. There is erected upon it a splendid two story double frame mansion of ten rooms, with all necessary halls, pantries, and all modern conveniences; also, carriage house, wood and coal sheds, a tastefully arranged barn, with ample stabling, and all other necessary smaller outbuildings. A beautiful grove of forest trees adjoins the house, which stands on an eminence commanding a delightful view of the surrounding country for many miles. Two large orchards of delicious fruit, also all kind of small fruits, abundance of excellent water, and in fact everything that taste and convenience could suggest to make it pleasant and comfortable. It has been used as a summer home by the owner for the last seven years. There is also a tenement house on the property, now occupied by a good tenant. Any one wishing to retire from business will find this one of the most desirable properties to be found. Possession given immediately, or will sell the main buildings with fifteen acres, to suit purchaser. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue. je22

A NEW AND COMPLETE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Very pleasantly situated in the 17th ward, lot of ground 80x110 feet; the house is arranged with hall, double parlor, dining room, kitchen, pantry, wash room, large cellar, 5 chambers and finished attic. Grate range, marble mantles, cornice, centre pieces, &c.; everything finished in the best manner. The location is retired and pleasant. Price $13,000. Terms easy.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS.
jy3 39 Sixth avenue

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TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LESS THAN FORMER PRICES.

EVERY DEPARTMENT REPLENISHED WITH NEW GOODS.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 Market and 20 St. Clair Street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.

Property on Spring Hill, 7th ward, which commands a delightful view of the surrounding country for several miles. The ground contains 4 lots 22 feet front by 250 feet deep, on which there is about 350 grape vines in good bearing order, a few choice pear, apple and peach trees; also a variety of small fruits; good stable, good well of water and cistern, new frame house containing 4 rooms, with hall, and cellar under whole house; everything in good order.

Also, house and lot on Ledlie street; house two story frame; contains 5 rooms and hall; lot runs through to Carroll street.

Other houses and lots in good localities. Inquire of M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je2

VALUABLE
SUBURBAN LOTS IN 23d WARD
AT AUCTION.

FIFTY-ONE LOTS, desirably located at Marion station, on Second avenue, in the Twenty-third ward, city of Pittsburgh, fronting on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad and the Monongahela river, will be sold at Public Sale on

SATURDAY, JULY 10th,

At 2 o'clock P. M. We confidently invite the attention of purchasers to the above property, as examination cannot but convince any party that the conveniences of the city and the pleasures of the country are here extraordinarily combined, having amongst others the following advantages: Facility of access, being situated on the Connellsville Railroad and Second avenue, beauty of scenery, having extended views on the Monongahela river, convenience to schools, churches and society, being in the immediate neighborhood of Messrs. Hays, Laughlins, Scully, Anderson, Oliver and others.

Terms of Sale—One third cash; balance in one, two and three years, with interest, ten per cent. of the cash payment in hand. A special free train will leave the Connellsville Depot at one o'clock P. M. on day of sale. For further information and plan of lots apply to

JOHN D. KAILEY & BRO.,
No. 115 Fourth avenue.
H. B. SMITHSON, Auctioneer. 1e28,16

FOR SALE.

12 lots on Centre avenue, on line of street cars; 5 lots on Kirkpatrick street, on line of street cars; 2 lots on Linden street, on line of street cars; 1 large lot fronting on Wylie street; Two 3 storied brick houses 6 rooms each, lot 30 by 100 feet feet on Fulton street, near Centre avenue; will sell the whole for $5,000 cash, or will sell the houses separate at $2,500 each; frame house of 3 rooms on Mahon street, near the avenue; lot 24 by 100 feet; only $1,400 cash.

Two pressed brick front houses, with 6 rooms, well finished, gas and water throughout, fronting 44 feet on Wylie street. This property will sold low and on easy terms. Inquire of

M'CLUNG & RAINBOW,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue,
Dealers in Flour, Grain, Hay, Mill Feed and General Produce of all kinds. je17:k60

FOR SALE.

3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $2 per acre. 205 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1,240 acres, Braxton Co., west Va; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.

Bonds and Mortgages wanted by

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND
89 GRANT STREET
je16 Office, back room.

FOR SALE.

12 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.

137 acres near Louisville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.

HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.

HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.

4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown

Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri.

TUSTIN & KLEE,
my29 87 Grant street.

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FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:k46

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,
Containing About Two Acres Each,

ENQUIRE OF

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195 Liberty Street,
mh15

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Residence, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal. 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the house well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A light and profitable business. No opposition. Capital required, $3,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of M'Clung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

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500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
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PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

Of Allegheny.

CORNER FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREETS.

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NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS ..... $2,503,431 33.

Open daily, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

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VICEPRESIDENTS:

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TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
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Dealers in Government Bonds,

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my13:f25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
SATURDAY, July 3, 1869.

The gold market for the past week has been very steady at about 137, the fluctuations each day selldom ranging more than ⅜ to ½ per cent. Although an attempt was made on Friday to depress the gold premium it failed, a few sales only being made after business hours. The coming week is likely to witness violent fluctuations in all the departments. For Gold, a small advance is expected, on the plea of specie shipments, but the abundance of cash gold and high rates for carrying will prevent parties from speculating for a rise. The active demand for exchange and better quotations for bonds will also have a tendency to advance quotations in Governments.

Stocks look very firm, and if the extreme stringency of money during the past week has only tended to advance prices, large disbursements for this week should give the upward movement greater force; but since the support of outside speculators is lacking, a reaction and violent fluctuation must be expected.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 137; Silver, 134; Eighty-one's, 117¼; Five Twenties, 1862, 121½; do 1864, 117¼; do 1865, 118¾; do 1865, Consols, 116¾; do 1867, 116¾; do 1868, 116¾; Ten Forties, 108¼; New York Central, 95⅞; Erie, —; Reading, 98¼; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 56½; Ohio & Mississippi, 32¾; Michigan Southern, 109¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 106⅞; Chicago & Rock Island, 118¾; Chicago & North Western, 82⅞; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 96¾; Adams Express Company, 60¾; Merchants Union Express, 13¾; Pacific Mail, 91¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 38¼; Am. W. Express, 41.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, July 3, 1869.

Money firm in the morning, but grew easier in the afternoon, closing at 7 per cent. currency. The disbursements of the Treasury partially relieved the market. Sterling dull. Gold lower, opening at 137, declining to 136¾, and closed at 137.

Governments firmer, closing higher. It is reported that the Treasurer will buy more bonds next week, but lacks confirmation. Closing prices: Coupons of '81, 117¼; do. '62, 121¾; do. 64, 117⅛@117¾; do. '65, 116¾@116⅞; do. new, 116¾@116½; do. '67, 116⅝@116½; do. '68, 116⅜@116½; 10-40s, 108⅛@108¼; Pacifics, 106⅛@106½.

State bonds dull and the prices were: old Tennessees, 61½; new do, 57⅝; old Virginias, 57; new 61; old North Carolinas, 57½; new do., 49⅞; Missouris, 87.

Stocks were dull but firm, and very little business done after the first board, the principal interest being in New York Central, Michigan Southern, Pittsburgh and Northwestern. Express shares heavy. An unfounded rumor caused a decline in Wells & Fargo of 3 per cent.

Bidding Prices at 5:30: Canton, 60½; Cumberland, 32½; Western Union Telegraph, 38⅝; Quicksilver, 15¼; Mariposa, 8; do. preferred, 14½; Pacific Mail, 91⅜; Boston Water, 15½; Adams, 60½; Wells & Fargo, 25½; American, 41; United States, 71; Merchants Union, 14; New York Central, 195¾; Harlem, 144; Hudson, 136½; Reading, 98¾; Erie, 29¾; do. preferred, 53¼; Michigan Central, 128; Michigan Southern, 109½; Illinois Central, 144; Pittsburgh, 106¼; Northwestern, 82½; do. preferred, 96¾; Rock Island, 118½; St. Paul, 75½; do. preferred, 82½; Wabash, 74¼; do. preferred, 78; Fort Wayne, 156½; Terre Haute, 35; do. preferred, 58; Ohio & Mississippi, 32⅛.

BANK STATEMENT.

Loans, $258,368,471; decrease, $2,063,261; Specie, $23,520,267; increase, $3,263,127; Circulation, $74,217,973; increase, $3,128; Deposits, $179,929,467; decrease, $1,845,225, Legal Tenders, $46,737,263; decrease, $1,426,655.

Treasury receipts $1,443,316; payments, $3 897,347; balance, $80,046,493.

Imports—Dry Goods, $1,162,777; general merchandise, $3,679,682.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
SATURDAY, July 3, 1869.

The markets in a general way have been dull during the past week, and devoid of anything really new or important. The demand for almost everything is restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants, and the stringency in money matters is tending to prevent even if there was a desire, anything of a speculative character. Business is always dull at this season of the year, and there is no reason why this season should be an exception.

The intelligence from the West, we regret to say, is very unfavorable in regard to the crops, the continued heavy rains having almost destroyed Wheat and Corn in some localities. With favorable weather, however, from this time out there will doubtless be a full average crop: had it not have been for the bad weather, the yield would, in all probability, have been unprecedented in the history of this country.

BUTTER—Is quiet and rather dull but unchanged. Small sales of good to choice at 20@25.

BEANS—Dull at $2@2,25 per bushel.

CHEESE—Is dull and in good supply, but unchanged; sales of common Western Reserve 16@17, Factory at 18 and Goshen at 19@20.

CARBON OIL—Quiet though steady, may be quoted in a jobbing way at 28@29.

DRIED FRUIT—Very dull, prices entirely nominal.

EGGS—Sales fresh packed at 19@20.

FEATHERS — Supply in hands of commission men almost exhausted. Live geese may be quoted at 85@90, to the trade, and $1 in a retail way.

FLOUR—The market although firm is quiet with no perceptible improvement in the demand, and prices are unchanged. We continue to quote Western Flours at $6@6.50 for Springs, and $7,00@7,50 for Winters, according to quality.

GRAIN—Wheat is scarce and is steady milling demand, at $1,30@1,35 for fair to prime and $1,37@1,38 for choice. Oats steady with sales of car load lots at 66, and small lots in store at 68@70. Corn is in limited supply and firmer; and mixed, may be quoted at 77@78, and prime Yellow at 80@83. Rye also, is stronger with but little offering we now quote at $1,20@1,25. No movement in Barley, and little or none in market.

HAY—Is selling from country wagons $25@33, according to quality.

HEMP—Very dull, and prices tending downward—nominal at $210 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2 50, per bbl, and Common White at $1.75.

LARD OIL—Sales of No. 1 Extra at $1,50, and No. 2 at $1,18@1,20.

PROVISIONS — Shoulders, 14¾@15; Ribbed and Clear Sides, 17½@18¾; Plain Hams, 18¼@18¾; Plain Sugar Cured, 20; Canvassed, 21. Dried Beef, 21@21½. Lard in tierces 20, in kegs and pails 21. Mess Pork $33,50@33,75.

POTATOES—New crop scarce and in demand, and quoted at $4@4,25 per bbl. Old crop selling at 40@45 per bushel.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Is dull and drooping—may be quoted at $1,65@1,70 for car load lots and the usual advance for small lots in store.

SEEDS—The demand for Clover and Timothy Seeds seems to have almost entirely subsided. Flaxseed would sell but there is none in market.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
SATURDAY July 3, 1869.

REVIEW FOR THE WEEK.

The market has been remarkably sensitive all week, which was owing in part to the fact that considerable apprehension was felt as to the course things would take on and after delivery day. Well, delivery day has come and gone without anything very remarkable having occurred, but, notwithstanding, the feeling of apprehension still exists; operators generally are disatisfied with the present aspect of affairs and distrustful in regard to the future, and, as a consequence, the volume of business has been unusually light. Prices have varied but little either way, having been remarkably uniform, though to-day there was a firmer feeling manifested, and compared with yesterday, those who are in favor of higher figures, appeared to have a slight advantage. There was little or nothing done, however, but single sale reported, and the easter boards adjourned about noon, not to meet again until Tuesday.

Receipts Crude this week, 33,765; last week, 21,020; from January 1st to date 394,823; same time last year, 601,70[illegible]. Exports Refined this week, 13,151; last week, 18,292; from January 1st to date 220,068; same time last year, 277,69[illegible]. Sales this week, 77,300 bbls; last week 44,400.

REFINED

There was not a single sale reported to-day, but as already intimated, however, there was a stronger feeling manifested, though there was but little if any change in prices; spot oil was quoted at 31¾; July, last half, at 32¼@32½; and "lines" running from July to December, and October to December at 33@33¼.

CRUDE.

But a single sale reported, 1,000 bbl on spot, at 14½. Compared with the early part of the week, spot is about quarter lower, though there is no much offering at 14½, and it is very doubtful whether a buyer could be found above that figure, August may be quoted at 15, the last sale reported having been made at that figure. Sellers option, all year, nominal at 14.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35
Eclipse Machinery	75
Eclipse Spindle	80

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Owston & Sowers	960 bbls
Fisher & Bro	400 "
Pool & Bro	320 "
J Munhall	520 "
Total	2,200 bbls

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Co. 500 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Thos. Hackett, 191 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 272 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

H. W. C. Tweddle 100 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 1,063

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 376 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Ralston & Waring, 429 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co., 108 bbls ref. to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 913

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchison Oil & Refineing Co., 596 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Brooks Ballentine & Co., 74 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelhhia.

Duncan & Williams, 24 bbls refined oil to W. P. Logan Bro. Philadelphia.

Total Refined..... 694

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WESTMINSTER COLLEGE.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW WILMINGTON, PA., July 3d, 1869.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Commencement day is a grand gala day in this community. Thousands congregate to hear the speeches and essays of the graduating class, with the musical interludes of the brass band, while the crowd they help themselves to take, to stray around the outskirts of the meeting, to enjoy the shade, the green sward and the singing of the birds, and envy the happy life of students as represented in the famous line of the Roman poet,

"Inter silvas Academi quaerere verum."

They do things up very finely here, these Westminster boys and girls—we profoundly beg their pardon, these gentlemen and ladies of Westminster College, for such they are. The platform, erected under the shade of this fine old wood, in which are seated for the occasion the college dignitaries, the invited guests and the thirty-six members of the Senior class, who are on this day to leave their *alma mater*, is a centre of attraction. It is finely decorated with evergreens and mimic flowers, and handsome bouquets are showered on it as the speakers conclude their orations; but the finest embellishment is the twelve young ladies who graduate precisely on the same terms as the gentlemen. They certainly, with their neat essays and good looks, set off such an occasion. We thank Westminster College for having gone so far to settle mooted questions of *women's rights*. Not merely is *commencement* day a grand affair, but entire *commencement week*. The village sees many faces for the first time, and many old ones returned. Those who have been here, especially the students, love to come back to the academic groves. Strangers, who come for the first time, are accustomed to express their surprise at the great work of collegiate education that is being prosecuted here in comparative silence. This College is among the very foremost in the commonwealth.

The examinations require four days. Commencement week begins on Sabbath, June 20th, with the Baccalaureate sermon. It was delivered by the President, Rev. R. A. Browne, D. D., at half-past seven, P. M., in the U. P. Church, before a large audience from Ec. 9, 10, "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might, for there is no work, &c., in the grave whither thou goest." Notwithstanding the solemnity of the background, the picture of active labor and glorious reward, combined in the words, seemed not merely well adapted to the occasion of those about to go forth equipped from college halls for the great duties of life best calculated to inherit them for their work. The duties to be done by all, and especially by educated men and women, in these times, especially when wide-spread corruption exists in all departments of life, the organized, prompt and persevering energy requisite to do the work, with the grand consideration for its use, namely, the morality of man, were earnestly presented to the graduating class, the students in general, and a large and attentive assembly of visitors.

Monday night the Anniversary of the Society of Inquiry was held in the College Chapel. We congratulate this society, which is itself one of the leading features of Westminster, on the excellent exercises of the evening. The orator of the day was Rev. J. R. W. Sloan, D. D., of the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, Allegheny. Mr. Sloan is one of the best-trained thinkers of our time. He has for years been a power in the pulpit and on the platform in New York. He is in the prime of his powers. He handled his subject, "The Home Mission work," with ease and grace that repaid the earnest attention of the audience. The work to be done in our land by educated and religious minds to maintain our Christianity and our very civilization against *indifferentism*, infidelity, rationalism, Popery and other evils, was calmly, earnestly and effectively urged. We regret we were unable to get notes of this address. It handled a bold theme with refreshing skill and power.

The address of the literary societies is generally one of the marked features of commencement week. It was so on the present occasion. The societies had invited Major Wm. Frew, of Pittsburgh, to address them, and he had consented to do so. A gentleman known to his fellow-citizens as a leading man of business, one of large enterprise, occupied the position of orator of the literrary societies, and proposed to speak to them on a practical theme. A large audience thronged the College Chapel at 7½ P. M. on Tuesday evening, to listen to the address. Its theme was "Men Wanted," and the aim of the speaker was to demonstrate the need of a higher, nobler order of manhood, to meet the responsibilities of American citizenship in the present advanced age of the world. Glancing at the great developments in art, science and literature, which have characterized the last quarter of a century, culminating in the ocean telegraph and the Pacific Railway, the speaker congratulated his audience on the favorable position occupied by America among the nations, its recent triumphs in arms, its liberal institutions, its territorial fitness, its glorious memories. Deducing from all these the want of "men, great-minded men," a race of true noblemen and noblewomen, the speaker described the kind of men we need, to meet the requirements of the hour.

1st. *Educated* men and women. He contended that the claims of the "gentler sex" to a high order of education must not be ignored, and incidentally argued the right of women to the ballot as a protection to herself and for the conservation of public virtue. Attention was called to the demands of the age for a more practical education than is furnished by the present curriculum. Works of fiction, of a class, were heartily condemned from Gilliver to Norwood." Poverty was a bar in these times to a thorough education, and the highest success—in fact our best men in every department have risen from the lowest walks of life.

2d. *Honest* men are wanted. The great lack of integrity in business, in politics, in society, the corruption and misery that even invade our legislative halls, and sometimes taint the ermine of the Judiciary calls loudly for a better race of true, honest, reliable men.

3d. *Temperate* men were sadly needed in these degenerate times. The frightful ravages of intemperance, the waste, the demoralization, the disease engendered by the drinking usages of society, called for the most serious attention of the statesman and the philantropist.

4th. *Healthy* men and women are wanted. The deficiencies of our American physique, growing out of luxurious habits and violation of the simple laws of health, precluded the possibility of "sound minds in sound bodies." The speaker facetiously demanded that "delicate ministers should *reform*" and prescribed pure air, pure water, cheerful exercise and a moderate wholesome diet.

5th. *Independent* men were wanted. Men who could think for themselves and act from their own convictions of duty; who can say, with Henry Clay, "I would rather be right than be President." Men with a *vertabrae*, who will not "bend the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift may follow fawning."

Lastly. *Christian* men and women are particularly needed to preach the Gospel in the counting room, in the shop, in the studies, in the halls of Legislature, in the exchange, as well as in the pulpit; to carry its saving truth throughout the land and throughout the world. This of course is but a skeleton of the address which occupied over an hour in its delivery.

The address of Major Frew was listened to with deep interest, and drew from the audience frequent bursts of applause. It was practical, as the speaker announced he proposed to make it; but it was not merely practical. Its good natured but effective blows at existing evils, its hearty advocacy of wholesome reforms, its happy strokes of wit, and pure idiomatic English delighted the audience throughout.

Wednesday evening was Alumni evening. Rev. J. S. Sands, of Pittsburgh, of the class of 1864, presided. Rev. J. M. Donaldson, of Portersville, of the class of 1859, the orator of the evening, addressed an overflowing house on "Expediency," and handled his subject well, as did also Miss M. E. Francis, of the class of 1857, the essayist of the evening, whose subject was "Hammers and Anvils." We wish we had a synopsis of these excellent performances and you had space for their publication.

We have already spoken in general of Commencement Day. We append the names of those who received their well-earned degrees and the recipients of the complimentary honors of the occesion:

Bachelors of Art, J. S. Brandon, Mercer; Joseph Calhoun and R. J. Creswell, Hookstown; J. S. Dice, New Wilmington; D. Dodds, Mt. Chestnut; Wm. Douglass, Chanceford; D. B. Graham, W. Fairfield, J. L. Grove, Chaneeford; J. C. Hammond, Biggsville, Ill.; J. J. Hawk, Shearers Cross Roads; J. R. Hill, Venango City; J. D. Irons, New Sheffield; R. J. Jones, Albany, N. Y.; S. S. Mehard, Mercer; D. McFall, Allegheny; E. S. McMichael, Coultersville; B. C. Montgomery, Centretown, D. F. Mustard, Van Buren; J. W. Stewart, Greenville; Elam Thomas, Wurtemburgh; I. T. Wright, Wattsville, Ohio; W. H. Vincent, New Wilmington—22.

Bachelors of Sciences—J. W. Mehard, Mercer; J. H. Wird, Kinsman, Ohio, and the following young ladies: Mary and L. Calhoun, Hookstown; M. J. Dickey, S. A. Dinsmore, E. J. Stewart and F. B. Thompson, of New Wilmington; M. E. Hunter, McAlevy's Fort; Helen M. Moon, and M. W. Stirling, Hookstown; Agnes M. Pollock, Ligonier, and M. E. and N. M. Welsh, Martinsburg, Ohio—14.

The degree of D. D. was conferred on Rev. J. R. W. Sloan, of Allegheny; Rev. J. N. Dick, Kittanning, and Rev. John Hogg, of Ossiout, Egypt.

The Finlay gold medal in the Senior Class was won by J. W. Stewart, of Greenville. The Miller prize in oratory in the Junior Class by J. F. Quarles, of Atlanta, Georgia. These contests and all the other exercises of the occasion, including the speeches of the Senior Class on Commencement day, were gratifying to the judges and the large assembly of visitors. Yours truly, A.

The Israelitish Reform Movement.

Several weeks ago the *Evening Post* contained a call for a Rabbinical Conference, signed by Dr. L. Adler, of the Emanu-El Temple congregation and Dr. Einhart, of the congregation worshipping at the Temple Adath Jeshurun, in this city, both of them rabbis of the reform party of Israelites. Responses have been made to the call, and it is now agreed that the conference shall be held the coming autumn at some central point.

It appears that there are two subdivisions of the reform party, the reformers and the radicals. The latter have renounced the favorite dogmas cherished by orthodox Israelites, the advent of a Messiah to reign as king over the Holy Land, the return of the Jews to Palestine and adherence to dietary laws. They also object to the employment of prayers and chants in the Hebrew language; they accept the laws and institutions of society as they exist in this country, and some of them are even in favor of substituting Sunday for the seventh day of the week for a day of worship.

The Israelitish race, like the Gothic, is famous in history for its inveterate propensity to sojourn in new dwelling places; and being fonder of commerce and traffic than of agriculture and the stabler pursuits, the peculiar observances and holy days of the Mosaic ritual are extremely inconvenient to them. Hence a spirit of inquiry has been aroused, and the utility of these external restrictions closely questioned. Opinion has changed among them; and the Messiah is by many regarded as a principle of life, rather than a personage, and His reign as the ascendancy of a true faith. The Talmud and many of the books of the Bible are rejected as special divine revelations; and the old law is regarded as suited to the time of its promulgation rather than as of perpetual obligation.

In Europe the reformers are also actively pushing similar innovations. There is no central power in Judaism to check such movements; so that with the changing circumstances of an advancing civilization it is not impossible that one or two generations will be sufficient to obliterate the landmarks between a large part of the Hebrews and other Unitarian believers. —*N. Y. Post.*

THE CLERICAL MOUSTACHE.—The moustache movement among the Scotch clergy is going on rapidly. Gentlemen of all professions are abandoning the use of the razor. But with the ministers the moustache is an innovation which comparatively few have had the courage to venture upon. Some four or five years ago not a hair-covered lip could be seen in any of the ecclesiastical courts; then one or two began to appear, and now there is a sprinkling of moustached faces in all the denominations.

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IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.

☞LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts. jy2:MWF

PROPOSALS.

ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at this office until JULY 10th, 1869, for the following Supplies, to be delivered as required, on the line of the Erie and Atlantic and Great Western Railways, for the use of said Railway Companies to 1st January, 1870:

Railroad Castings of all descriptions;
Railroad Spikes;
Railroad Chairs;
Track Bolts and Nuts;
Hot and Cold Pressed Nuts and Bolts;
Fish Plates;
Bar and Round Iron, "refined;"
Boiler and Sheet Iron;
Pig Iron, "Anthracite;"
Pig Iron, "Charcoal" equal to "Sallsbury;"
Wrought Iron Axles, to order;
Frog Steel, "to order;"
Steel Frog Plates and Points, "to order;"
Spring Steel;
Steel Axles, to order;
Cut Nails and Spikes;
Wrought Nails and Spikes;
Georgia Pine, to order;
Chains;
Lard Oil;
Bell Ropes;
Hay;
Shovels.

The deliveries to be made in such quantities as may from time to time be determined upon by the Company, after the acceptance of the tender.

Parties bidding must state the quality of the material offered and at what point delivered, also furnish samples when required.

Payments in cash, as customary with this Company.

The Company reserve the right to reject any bids, which must be enclosed, sealed, and addressed to

GEO. C. HALL, Purch. Agent.
1 Erie Block, foot Reade st., New York.
je21:k74-MWF

TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.—The Sewer Commission of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the construction of the following sewers, with their appurtenances, inlets, manholes, &c:

CONTRACT NO 1,

Comprising about **2,000** feet of **12** inch and **15** inch circular pipe sewer, on Lincoln avenue, from Allegheny avenue to Rope alley, along Rope alley to Western avenue, along Western avenue eastward to the line of West Common sewer.

CONTRACT NO. 2,

Comprising about **200** feet of **12** inch circular pipe sewer on line of Herron alley, between Montgomery avenue and north line of Denney property.

Drawings and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, City Hall. Bids must state the kind of pipe proposed to be furnished, (cement or vitrified clay pipe,) and must be endorsed "Sewer Proposals, Contract No **1**," (or No. **2**, as the case may be,) and delivered on or before 3 P. M., July **8**, **1869**. Forms of proposals, on which forms alone the bids will be received, will be furnished at the Engineer's office. The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

By order of the Commission.

CHAS. DAVIS,
City Engineer.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 2, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at THIS OFFICE until **3** o'clock P. M. on SATURDAY, July **10th**, **1869**, for grading and paving the following streets, avenues and alleys, viz:

GRADING AND PAVING

Ridge avenue from Grant avenue to Chartiers street.
Page street, **647** feet west of Fulton street, Fifth ward.
Murdock alley, from Frazier to Fulton street.
Gerst alley, from north line of Third street to north line of Kaufman's lot.

GRADING ONLY.

Jefferson street, from Shields alley to Monterey street.
Sarah street, from Union avenue to city line.

PAVING ONLY.

Evans alley, between Locust and Franklin st.
Wards alley, from Fulton to Sedgwick street.
Specifications can be seen in the office of CHAS. DAVIS, Esq., City Engineer.

jy3 W. M. PORTER, City Controller.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS,
266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:39

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞**SCHENCK'S PULMONIC** SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use at any time, with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to furow out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs **225** pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. **34** Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. **35** Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is **$5**. Office hours at each city from **9** A. M. to **3** P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each **$1.50** per bottle, or **$7.50** a half dozen. Mandrake Pills **25** cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

☞**DOCTOR WHITTIER** CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. **9** Wylie street, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours **9** A. M. to **8** P. M. Sundays **12** M. to **2** P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

☞**ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.**—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, **2,001** ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

☞**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. **16** Bond street, New York. my21:j62

☞**EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED**—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease*. Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., **36** Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

☞**THE MARRIAGE RING.**—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

AUCTION SALES.

BY H. B. SMITHSON.

ASSIGNEE SALE—AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY, July 6th, will be sold at Public Sale, the entire stock of iron ware and tinned ware, fry pans, sauce pans, ladles, skimmers round and oval drops, wire and wire rods, &c., &c., belonging to the estate of JOHN D. GRAY. The sale will take place on the premises at 11½ o'clock A. M., at Frankstown station, Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Trains leave depot, corner Ross and Water streets, at 11 o'clock A. M. Sale positive. Attention of tinners and wire workers especially requested to the sale.

H. B. SMITHSON,
je30:124 Auctioneer.

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my15:110

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. **129** Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh. Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS: Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 n9

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. **3** and **4** St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

EDMUND LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's We Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for ja5:39

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 178 and 174 Wood street.

NOTICES.

☞**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.**

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT, PHILADELPHIA, PA., April **2**, **1869**.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the **30**th day of April, **1869**, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the **15**th day of May, **1869**, and the **30**th day or June, **1869**.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the **15**th day of November, **1869**, and the **31**st day of December, **1869**; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May **13**, **1868**, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my3:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. Co., OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, PITTSBURGH, June **28**, **1869**.

☞**NOTICE.**

All persons interested in the management and business of the

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R.R.,

And the leased roads of the Company, are hereby notified that the railway and property of this Company has been leased to the

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

For a period of nine hundred and ninety-nine years, of and from the first day of July proximo, and with the close of the day previous, (June **30**,) all responsibility and liability of this Company will cease as to the management of the business of the railway, and for labor and supplies therefor of every character. The term of service of all persons of every class now employed by this Company will terminate on the said

30th day of this Month,

Excepting such persons as may be hereafter specially notified otherwise.

By order of the Board of Directors.

G. W. CASS,
je29:122 PRESIDENT.

☞**NOTICE.**

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page **298** of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for **1869** of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

☞No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between september fifteenth and October first.

☞An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July **2**, **1869**. e5:k68

DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH, July **1**, **1869**.

☞**THE MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK** will pay a dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of taxes, on and after July **13**th inst. JNO. G. MARTIN,
jy2:132 Cashier.

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, July **1**st, **1869**.

☞**DIVIDEND.—The Directors** of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand, free of all tax.

jy2:131 CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, June **30**, **1869**.

☞**THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (**3**) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of U. S. tax.

jy1:129 HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, July **1**st, **1869**.

☞**DIVIDEND.—The President,** Managers and Company, for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the capital stock of the Company, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer forthwith.

jy2:133 WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,

AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from **$500** to **$1500**, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from **$100** to **$550**. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

No. **12** ST. CLAIR STREET.

☞Orders for tuning and repairing will be promptly attended to by C. F. Mathews.

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewers' Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

A NEW ARTICLE.

GANTZ'S SICILY LEMON SUGAR for making lemonade; wants neither sugar or lemons. Put in one pound cans to make thirty tumblers lemonade. Just received and for sale by

JNO. A. RENSHAW,
je22 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞**SECOND ANNUAL PIC NIC**

OF

MECHANICS' LODGE,

NO. 9, I. O. O. F.,

At Moyce's Grove, Ross' Station,

JULY 5th, 1869.

Trains will leave the depot of the West Penna. R. R., Allegheny City, at regular intervals.

Refreshments by Alf. Fogle; Dinner by Adam Berry.

Tickets ..... **$1.00.**

☞**THE ANNUAL PIC NIC FOR** THE BENEFIT OF THE POOR will be held at McFARLAND'S GROVE,

ON MONDAY, JULY 5.

The Grove can be reached by the following trains to Ronpe Station, P. R. R.: Walls No. **1**, **6:30** A. M.; Mail, **8:15** A. M.; Accommodation, **10:20** A. M.; Walls No. **2**, **11:51** A. M.; Accommodation, **3:05** P. M.; Accommodation, **3:40** P. M.; Accommodation, **4:50** P. M.

Oakland Passenger Cars every **15** minutes to the ground. jy3:136

☞**GRAND CONCERT**

AT

LAFAYETTE HALL.

TOERGES ORCHESTRA, consisting of **35** instruments, will give its

FIRST GRAND CONCERT,

Assisted by Madame BIEDERMANN the celebrated Pianist from the Conservatory of Leipzig. Also, by Prof. WILLIAM POPE, at the above hall on

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 8th.

Prices of admission, **$1.00**; Gallery, **50** cents. Seats may be secured at the music store of G. F. Toerge, No. **50** Seventh avenue, without extra charge. jy3:135

☞**BURNELL'S MUSEUM AND PARLOR MENAGERIE,**

The Great Family Resorte.

FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite old Theatre.

☞Open Day and Evening, all the year round Admission, **25** cents; Children, **15** cents.

☞**FIFTH AVENUE HALL.**—No. **65** Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

PIC NICS.

PARTIES GETTING UP PIC NICS, private or public, attention is called to the beautiful grounds situated on the Pan Handle Road, at Mansfield. The gaounds are unsurpassed for beauty and shade. A large platform, laid with flooring boards and in good order, on the ground. The best of order at all times preserved. Arrangements can be made at all times with the railroad for transportation. For particulars address

ELY WICOFF,
CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
je23:k93 Mansfield.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Opening of Bates Street, from Atwood Street to Braddock Street.

SECTION **1**. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Bates street, from Atwood street to Braddock street, in accordance with the plan in the Engineer's office, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby Jas. Murdoch, Wm. Harrison and Hamilton Shepperd are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly approved January **6**, **1864**.

SEC. **2**. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this **28**th day of June, A. D. **1869**.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy2

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Opening the Puckety Road, from the Frankstown Road to Spring Street, and Changing the name to Lincoln Avenue.

SECTION **1**. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to open Puckety Road, from the Frankstown Road to Spring street, and that the name be changed to Lincoln street, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby Wm. Burchfield, Moses Phillips and Samuel Chadwick are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly approved January **6**th, **1864**.

SEC. **3**. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this **28**th day of June, A. D. **1869**.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy2

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Opening of Atwood Street, from Fifth Avenue to Bates Street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Atwood street, from Fifth avenue to Bates street, in accordance with the plan in the City Engineer's office, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby Alfred Harrison, Jas. Murdoch and Hamilton Sheppard are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly approved January 6th, **1864**.

SEC. **2**. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this **28**th day of June, A. D. **1869**.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy2

AN ORDINANCE

Changing the Grade of Thirty-ninth Street.

SECTION **1**. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the grade of Thirty-ninth street be lowered one foot, at South street, and thence a uniform grade to the Allegheny Valley Railroad and to Butler street.

SEC. **3**. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this **28**th day of June, A. D. **1869**.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

No Paper To-morrow.

In order that all persons connected with the GAZETTE establishment may properly observe the day set apart to be honored as the Fourth, we will issue no paper to-morrow.

All the passenger railway cars were in operation yesterday.

The oil excitement at Tionesta is almost as wild as it was in 1863, in Oil Creek.

It is said that the tavern keepers have abandoned the idea of waging war against the Sabbath breakers.

Who will will be first Mayor of the South Side city, is the all absorbing question in that locality.

The Sunday question will now die out. What next? Shall it be the Park project or the Soldiers' Monument?

Being Replaced.—The Oil City and Petroleum Bridge Company are about to take up the old floor of the river bridge and give it a new one.

Steamboat Excursion.—The steamer Glendale will leave the foot of Market every hour on July 3d and 5th for the grand jubilee at McKee's 3

Major Burnell's Museum of natural curiosities and parlor menagerie will remain open all day. Parents can take their children to no better or more instructive amusement.

Fatal Accident.—Joseph Reckert, a highly esteemed German citizen of Pymatuning township, Mercer county, living about two miles east of Transfer Station, was killed instantly last Saturday by the accidental discharge of his gun.

Alleged Burglar Caught.—About three o'clock Saturday morning a man giving his name as George Perry, was caught by the Allegheny police as one of three men who were observed endeavoring to enter the house of George Dierker, on Main street.

For the twenty-first time we announce that the central tower of St. Paul's Cathedral will be taken down inside of two months. It stands, to-day, as a huge monument commemorative of architectural stupidity.

The St. Paul's Cathedral brass band, of forty pieces, appeared in new uniforms yesterday, presenting a very fine appearance. They occupied the music gallery of the Cathedral, yesterday, at High Mass, but did not participate in the demonstration.

Fratricide.—Rufus and David Williams, brothers, and lately employed in the Westerman Iron Works in Sharon, Pa., got into a quarrel at Hubbard, Ohio, on Thursday last, when Rufus stabbed David, inflicting a wound which caused his death in a few hours.

Boy Drowned.—About five o'clock Saturday evening Adam Limper, a boy of eight years, was accidentally drowned in the Allegheny river, opposite the foot of Thirty-fifth street, in the Fifteenth ward. His body was recovered on Sunday and taken to the house of his parents. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-day.

North District Teathers.—The School Directors of the North District have elected the following teachers:

Principal—J. M. Logan.

Grammar—Misses Marianna Smith, R. D. Crooks.

Intermediate—Miss Mary C. Manspeaker.

Primary—Misses Ella Erwin, Emma J. West, L. B. Rogers.

Pic-Nic I. O. O. F.—The second annual pic-nic of Mechanics' Lodge, No. 9 I. O. O. F., will be held to-day at Moyce's Grove, Ross Station, Western Pennsylvania Railroad. The arrangements are on the most liberal scale and all are invited to be present. A rare day's enjoyment may be anticipated. Extra trains will leave the Allegheny Depot for the grove.

Lodged.—J. E. Lemoyne and J. M. Newman, the parties convicted of robbing the National Bank at Clearfield, and sentenced to the Western Penitentiary for four years, were lodged in that institution. John Nelson, implicated in the robbery, but who turned State's evidence and thus secured his release, greeted the culprits on their arrival in the city.

Cresson Springs.—The elegant hotel at this delightful place is now open for the reception of guests. The cool, bracing air of the mountains, pleasant drives, and spacious grounds connected with the house, are unrivalled for the summer season. Heretofore the hotel has been crowded, and we would advise those desiring its excellencies this season to make early applications for accommodations. The proprietor, Mr. George W. Mullin, makes all his guests feel at home, and is untiring in his efforts to please. See advertisement elsewhere.

Accident at Woods' Run.—On Saturday afternoon the burs of the boiler at the Superior Rail Mill had been greased with benzine, and on Sunday morning, the 4th inst., Mr. Reouf while examining the boiler with a lighted lamp, the gas rising from the benzine caused it to explode, severely burning his hand, arm and face, also slightly burning several others who were engaged there at the time. Mr. Reouf was removed to his residence, and timely aid was rendered by Drs. E. N. Riggs and M. H. Fronk, who state that he is now in a fair way for a speedy recovery.

A Well Known Citizen Gone.—Mr. John McKeon, proprietor of the livery stable at the corner of Sixth avenue and Grant street, a gentleman well known and respected for his many admirable qualities of head and heart, died after a lingering illness, at his residence on Grant street, yesterday morning. He was for more than twenty years a member of the Board of Managers of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum, and served several consecutive terms as a Director of the old Third ward public schools. His funeral is announced for to-morrow morning at nine o'clock.

Important Arrest.

Lt. Campbell, of the police, while on duty in the First Ward, Saturday night, heard the cry of "watch" from a woman, and proceeding to the spot arrested one of three men, who, it appeared, had been attempting to force an entrance to a house in the neighborhood. The prisoner was taken to the tombs, where he gave his name as John Jones, but Capt. Reed recognized in the man before him none other than the notorious Jack Young, for whom the police have been looking for some time, in consequence of his alleged connection with the Sproul murder in Washington county.

BUTLER POISONING TRIAL.

Close of the Evidence—An Affecting Scene—Summing Up by Counsel.

(Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUTLER, Friday, July 2, 1869.

The Shugart murder trial is rapidly drawing to a close. It will in all probability be finished by Monday evening. As the end approaches the excitement increases, until it has become the all absorbing theme of conversation throughout the town. The opening of the argument this afternoon attracted a large audience of both sexes, which will doubtless be considerably increased to-morrow, when the fact of the arguments being reached (which was not expected so soon) becomes generally known. The speeches on both sides, especially the closing ones, will from present indications be extremely lengthy and exhaustive, but can hardly occupy more than two days. Speculation on the verdict is rife, and the opinion seems to be considerably more diversified than at the commencement of the trial, but of course what it will be none can tell.

Court was opened at the usual hour, when the testimony for the defense was proceeded with. The first witness called was

Mrs. Susan Laux.—I am twenty-two years of age, and have never lived away from home; father was subject to cramps; I saw him brought home from Beck's the time he was taken with them there; the night before he died he was sick; the next morning mother did not want him to go to work; I saw him go to work that morning; he came back and got a bag, which he took along with him the second time. Mother prepared the soup for him, as requested; I didn't see it cooking but saw it on the table; she prepared the soup in the kitchen; Maggie and Annie and Amelia were there; I don't know what she had cooked it in, but when I went down it was in a quart bucket. I saw her taking half a cup of the soup from the bucket and give it to Louisa, who eat it. She then offered Annie some of the soup. [The bucket was here exhibited.] She then eat some herself and offered me some, but I had my dinner and didn't take any. She then put the lid on the bucket and told Annie to hurry and take it to the field. I then went up stairs to my own kitchen, which fronts on the street. I wasn't up a minute till I saw Annie pass the house towards the field. I saw nothing put in the soup in my presence from the time it was offered to us till the lid was put on. It was right before my eyes, and I could have seen her. This was a favorite soup with father. When father was brought home and put to bed, mother was down stairs helping me to bake, and he called, "Philopoena, come up to me." On the day he died, I was present when Leonard Wise and Mr. Laux were present. Mr. Wise remarked to father, "I believe you're poisoned. Father did not reply. Then Mr. Wise turned to mother as if she had done it. She begged his pardon, and said not to blame her with anything of the kind. Mother then said, "Jake, they say you're poisoned." Father did not say anything. Mother then cried, and seemed very sorry that she should be blamed for such a thing. Father then said, "Go away and leave her alone." I did not hear mother tell Annie to get some poison. The exact words father used in calling her, were "Lovely Philopena come to me." [The words were given in German and translated by the interpreter, who in an examination by counsel, said the word translated "lovely" was used as a term of endearment.]

This was before he had told Mr. Wise to leave her alone. I wasn't in the room when father died. I mind the morning Annie was sent after the poison. I knew she was going, although I did not hear mother tell her. I heard father say he was tired of his life, on the day of the Democratic procession. He tried to go away that day; it was on the account of Martin. Mother wouldn't let him go and held him back. He wanted to get away when he made the expression, but he did not get his clothes ready. Did not say where he was going and did not get out of the house.

Cross-examined — When Mr. Wise looked at mother as though she had done it, he said; "It will all come to daylight." I never stated before I came to Court that Wise said to mother "You did it." The day of the Democratic procession father told mother she was permitting Martin to come too often, and it appeared she thought more of Martin than she did of him. He seemed to be very sorry. They were in the kitchen. Maggie came up to me and said: "Mother and father are quarrelling. You had better go down and see." I went down and the first I heard father say was, "My God, I will leave." Mother and Martin had been together in the back room up stairs that morning, which made father angry. He said it appeared she and Martin were too sociable. In reply to father saying that Martin was coming too often, mother said: "My God, he's a nice enough man." Father said he might be nice enough, but that it caused people to talk a great deal. After the quarrel father went out to the stable. He did not go to work on that day. He seemed down hearted all the time. It was the day mother was sick that Martin was in the bed room. I think father came in while he was there and it made him angry.

Re-direct.—I was in the room when father was given the whisky and pepper, the day he died. Mother bid Annie to go down stairs and get a cup and a spoon and some black pepper. Annie did so. Mother then reached the whisky off the bureau; it was in a jug. She poured some of the whisky into the cup. She then mixed it up and handed it to father. Father drank; then he said immediately, "My God, it will burn up my heart." He then called for some water, and I ran down to the pump to get a glassful. I saw the whole transaction. After giving father the dose, she set the jug back on the bureau and the cup on the window sill. There was a little pepper left in the cup. Mother several times refused to give him the whisky, because she said she would not do so without the leave of the doctor. He had great faith in the remedy and still asked for it, when she gave it. This was about twenty minutes before he died. Maggie and Annie were in the room at the time and myself.

Amelia Shugart, sworn—I heard father say a good many years ago, he was tired of life. I have also heard him say so since Martin came to the house. I was not in the kitchen when the soup was made, but I saw the child eating some out of it. She offered Annie some in a cup, but Annie refused it and mother poured it back into the bucket again, and put the lid on. I then left the kitchen. Annie, when I left, had just put on her bonnet. I heard father call for the whisky and pepper, but I wasn't in the room at the time. He said when the rest of us of us wished to assist him that he wanted mother to attend to him.

The witness was cross examined at length, but nothing new elicited.

Maggie Shugart, sworn—Was present when the soup was prepared. It was prepared in a sheet iron pan, and then put into the bucket by mother. She then gave some of it to the little baby. I saw mother tasting it. She then put the lid on, tied a sack around it and sent Annie off with it. I was there all the time.

Cross-examined—I was late for dinner that day; Amelia had her dinner. There was nobody in the kitchen but mother and Annie and the baby, and the table was in the middle of the floor.

Thomas Stehley, sworn—Am a member of the Catholic church. The doctrines and practice of that church are that a suicide is not allowed to be buried in consecrated ground. We have a place for burial set apart for such cases. Jacob Shugart was a communicant in the church I belonged to, and was in full standing.

Cross examined.—Had a good standing and attended church services regularly; performed his duties so far as I know without fault. The church is very rigorous in her practice respecting suicides. He was buried in our graveyard in the consecrated ground.

Question—Would a good Catholic commit suicide? Objected to by the defense and objection sustained.

Mr. Mitchell—That's a very pious inference on the part of the Commonwealth.

Jacob Laux.—There was whisky used the night of the wake after father died. Some of it was Mrs. Shugart's and some was my own. I got that in Shugart's house on the bureau from the jug. I don't know how much was in it. There was some taken out of it. I gave it in a glass. Mr. Wise and Mr. Grier drank of it.

Leonard Wise, recalled—I saw a cup standing on the window sill when I went into father's room. I looked into it. It contained a little whiskey and some grounds of black pepper. I saw it there after his death.

As it was now half-past eleven o'clock, and the defense were about to close their testimony, Mr. Mitchell asked that the Court give them the benefit of an adjournment until half-past one o'clock.

Judge McGuffin said he was anxious to have the case proceed as fast as possible, and thought the defense could go on. He would give them fifteen minutes to consult together, and then they would be called upon to proceed.

In a few minutes afterward the following testimony was elicited:

Jacob Laux, recalled—Some of our chickens died about two weeks before Mr. Shugart's death. Some died a month or two afterwards. I heard there was a disease among chickens in the neighborhood.

Cross-examined—Some died shortly after Shugart's death.

John Shugart was recalled and testified in regard to the death of the chickens. Some of the chickens he said had not died, they had them yet.

After waiting a few minutes longer for the attendance of Annie Shugart, Mr. McJunkin again asked for an adjournment. It was within a quarter of an hour of the usual time and the counsel for defense wished to examine further into their position. The request was accordingly acceded to and Court adjourned until two P. M.

Afternoon Session.

When the Court re-assembled, at two o'clock, the children of the prisoner, who had faithfully attended her through the trial, together with the two youngest, Louisa and Lizzie, who had not previously appeared, were all in attendance, and occupied seats within the bar. Lizzie, a quiet, sedate child, is apparently about six years of age, and has lost her right eye from the effect of the fever with which she was suffering at the time of her father's death. She seemed to look upon the scene around with a half curious, expectant interest, as though wondering why she was there, and finding in the grave judges, the anxious counsel, the reserved jurors in the box, or the large crowd of spectators in the back ground, no answer to the childish thoughts which came thronging in her mind and gave expression to her countenance.

Louisa, the youngest of the family, who is said to have partaken of the soup before it had been sent to her father, is but three years of age, with a bright, happy face and an active, restless disposition. She kept running backward and forward from one to another of her sisters, previous to the opening of Court, and in her youthful innocence and purity, in such a place and such a scene, appeared in strange contrast to the solemn surroundings. Becoming tired at last she took a seat upon the lap of her sister Amelia, and with a half frightened expression seemed to wait for some movement on the part of her attendants which would relieve her from her anxiety.

Mrs. Shugart was not yet in Court, but appeared in a few minutes and took the vacant seat, alongside her counsel, and in range with her children. Louisa and Lizzie she had not seen since her arrest and committal to jail, and the meeting between mother and children, under such circumstances, was affecting in the extreme. Lizzie, the eldest, at once recognized the haggard, emaciated countenance of her mother, and with childish eagerness leaned forward to receive the warm greeting. Louisa sat silently upon her sister's lap, looking up first inquiringly into her face and then across to that of the pale woman who regarded her with a fond and wistful gaze, as though waiting for a sign of recognition. For a few moments the little innocent seemed to feel the truth, but the expression of doubt and timidity fled quickly away, and with a glad, joyous smile she suddenly slipped from her seat, pattered quickly over the floor and was quickly caught up in the maternal arms with a convulsive, loving and tender embrace, while mother and children and spectators were irresistibly moved to tears. The greeting was too sacred for interruption, and for a few minutes, even judicial dignity paused in the stern discharge of duty and silently contemplated the scene.

THE ARGUMENT—PRELIMINARIES.

When the excitement created by this episode had subsided, the Court proceeded with the grave business before them and called for further testimony in the case.

Mr. Thompson, counsel for the defense, said they had concluded to rest their case here, and desired to call no more witnesses.

Mr. McCandless also stated the Commonwealth had finished their evidence and had none further to offer.

Mr. Mitchell stated that the counsel for the defense, in view of the great importance of the issue and the interest at stake, had deemed it necessary to ask the indulgence of the Court while each addressed the jury.

Judge McGuffin remarked the counsel could arrange that matter between themselves. He did not wish to interfere in any way with them, but suggested that the speeches be made short, where there were so many of them. In a former trial the remarks had been extended at great length, which he hoped would not again be the case, as it was always important in such cases to submit the evidence to the jury without great preface and as soon as consistent with a fair presentation of all the facts in the case.

Mr. McCandless said the counsel for the Commonwealth were willing to be limited to time, but did not wish to suggest this.

After a short consultation, Mr. McJunkin announced that the counsel had agreed upon an arrangement by which the District Attorney would open the argument on behalf of the Commonwealth, to be followed by the two counsel for defense in succession, next counsel for the Commonwealth, then the last address for the defense, the Commonwealth to follow and close the argument.

Mr. McCandless here stated that before proceeding to the argument he had one or two authorities to which he called the attention of the Court. The first was Wharton and Stilley's Medical Jurisprudence, pages 573 to 580, inclusive, the matter treated of being the symptoms of arsenical poison in the system and the length of time it required to act.

Mr. Thompsen objected to having the matter read, as however good the authority, it could not be law to the Court.

Judge McGuffin said that while it was not law, and could not be so to the Court, it might be proper to read it as information for the jury.

The gentleman then read the sections referred to, and also pages 95, 97 and 98, of Wills on Circumstantial Evidence.

Mr. Thompson now presented a series of points, nine in number, to which he wished to call the attention of the Court.

Everything being now in readiness, at a quarter of three o'clock the argument on the part of the Commonwealth was opened by District Attorney Greer.

He was followed by Mr. Thompson for the defense, and after he had concluded the Court adjourned till Saturday morning at half-past eight o'clock.

Petraleum and its Consequences.

Petroleum, in any shape, is dangerous. More lives are lost every year from its careless handling than from railway or steamboat disasters. The people are slow to learn that it cannot be handled with impunity: that it carries death in its way and is not as safe as were the tallow candles of yore. Every lamp in use, unless in the keeping of persons intelligent enough to know its danger, is as bad as an unexploded bomb shell. Here let us cite the latest horrible accidents which an ounce of prevention might have avoided. The Erie *Dispatch* says:

On Friday night, at about ten o'clock, the servant girl at Smith's boarding house, on East Seventh street, in moving some clothes hanging near the kitchen table, knocked the lamp, containing petroleum fluid, to the floor, and an instant conflagration was the result. The landlady and boarders rushed in, and by throwing garments over the girl smothered the flames, but not until her face was severely burned. Mrs. Smith's hands were also burned considerably. The first screams of the girl were heard several squares.

But that was an accident. Here is where a loving and devoted mother, either through want of thought or culpable ignorance sacrificed her own life and that of an innocent babe. We saw the blackened bodies boxed, and felt that perhaps all editors were remiss in their duties in failing to educate the people up to a proper knowledge of the dangerous and life-destroying tendencies of petroleum. A Mrs. F. Smith, whose husband is engaged as boss at a producing well near Titusville, on the Story Farm, was kindling a fire on Friday morning, and after it had started proceeded to pour from a bucketful of crude oil, fresh fuel. The fire flashed to the bucket, and slightly burning her hands, she flung it out of the door, forgetting that a little two-year old baby sat in the door step. The burning oil enveloped the babe, and in endeavoring to quench the flames the mother's clothes took fire and both were burned to death before relief could be afforded. The husband and father was badly burned in endeavoring to save the lives of his wife and child.

Oyer and Terminer—Judge Sterrett.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

381. Com. vs. Edward Sweeny.
322. " John Fisher.
306. " Hughes & Dignam.
336. " Charles Brandt.
117. " Arthur Martin.
118. " H. C. Mathews.
284. " Christ Baker.
282. " Robert Hague.
287. " Chatham Girty.
320. " John McGurk.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

390. Com. vs. Geo. W. Hoyle,
389. " Stewart Sampson.
382. " Thomas Moore.
391. " Conrad Color.
395. " Thomas Sinclair *et al.*
387. " John M. McFetrich.
380. " Joseph Holt.
377. " Lena Meinert.
371. " John Frank
372. " Andrew Marks and Wm. Titus.
375. " Nora Cuff.

The Minstrels One Week Longer.

Duprez and Benedict's minstrels have revived the mania for burnt cork performances in this city, and so large were their audiences last week that they have determined to please and accommodate their thousands of admirers by prolonging their stay at the Opera House for one week longer. They are certainly the best performers that have been this way for many years, and deserve the large share of patronage awarded them by amusement goers. This afternoon at half past two o'clock and to-night a grand performance will be given, and we look for crowded houses. If you don't want to laugh through an hour or two of mirthful song and sentimental, stay at home, for the twenty-seven first class and unequalled Ethiopian artists are in conspiracy to do all they can to derange the risibilities of all who hear them.

Charity Pic Nic To-Day.

To-day will be held, at McFarland's Grove, the annual pic nic of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, an association that yearly distributes thousands of dollars in food, money and raiment to the poor without distinction of creed, race or color, extends always a helping hand to destitute strangers coming into our midst, when their wants are made known, and one which has adopted many abandoned infants and are paying for their care and support. Truly the claims of the society should be fully recognized by the charitable and philnthropic by a liberal attendance at the pic nic to-day. Arrangements have been made to secure the enjoyment of all who attend. See the advertisement on our seventh page for train time and other information.

Far Fetched Jokes.—The Erie *Dispatch* strains the following: John F. Riday, on Third street, near Girard, last night, was accosted by a party who robbed him of his wallet. This goes to prove the truth of the proverb that FRiday is always unlucky.

The same pleasant fellow remarks that young ladies make the best telegraph operators during a thunder storm, inasmuch as none have yet been found who are afraid of the sparks.

One of the best features of the co-operative Life Insurance Company is that it puts no restriction on any lawful occupation, and requires no special permits to travel. If you change your business or move too far North or South, East or West, other companies forfeit your insurance.

Low Prices for Summer Goods. Bates & Bell.

Enterprise Squelched.

The Pittsburgh Gas Company have been making arrangements to supply the people residing beyond the old city line at Soho with gas. With that view they have had pipes manufactured and haluled to the neighborhood on Fifth avenue preparatory to laying. On Saturday, however, Mr. Joseph Dilworth, President of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Turnpike Company, notified the Gas Company that an injunction would be applied for in the Courts to prevent any further operation, inasmuch as the Company he represents are opposed to the introduction of gas in that quarter. The officers of the Gas Company, who had gone on with the work simply to oblige the property holders of the district, at once concluded to cease operations and will have their pipes brought back today. We are at a loss to account for this narrow minded action on the part of the Turnpike Company, and hope that legal steps will at once be taken by those interested to test the authority of its managers to put the veto on so great a public convenience.

Co-Partnership.

Elsewhere we notice that Mr. William Fleming, the well known, popular and extensive hat, cap and fur dealer, No. 139 Wood street, has associated with him in business Messrs. J. W. Ogelvee and John G. Bennett, the firm to be known as Wm. Fleming & Co. These gentlemen have both been employes in the house and the acknowledgment thus made of their valued services, by the prosperous head of the firm, is only new evidence of the worthy character he enjoys. With the infusion of new blood into the firm we may safely look for this already leading house to attain a popularity and success hitherto unknown to our business citizens. We can only wish that they may have the prosperity their energy warrants, and that is wishing a great deal.

A Nice Country Place at Auction.

Those who wish to secure a nice suburban retreat, will have a rare chance on Wednesday next. A plot of six acres at Fleming, seven miles down the Fort Wayne Railway, will be sold that day at two o'clock. The ground is well improved with fruit; the location is excellent; the views superb, and the whole surroundings highly agreeable. The views of the owner in regard to price are exceedingly moderate. This is an opportunity not to be neglected. Particulars of A. Leggate, auctioneer, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

Rev. E. K. Squiers, the eloquent and zealous pastor of the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church, Sixth avenue, yesterday morning delivered an able and forcible sermon bearing on the day and its observance, taking strong grounds against Sabbath desecration, even though the commemoration of a great political event be made the excuse. He selected as his text Galations, Vth chapter, XIIIth verse: "For brethren, ye have been called unto liberty; only use not liberty for an occasion to the flesh, but by love serve one another," and rendered therefrom as fine and broad and liberal a sermon as we have ever heard, discussing the subject dispassionately, in reason and good taste, and yet all the while maintaining all his positions and abandoning no point to those arguing for the subversion of the Lord's day on patriotic or political grounds.

Choice Fruit Syrups.—Blackberry, Strawberry, Raspberry, Sarsaparilla, Lemon, Orange, Pine Apple and Raspberry Vinegar, at the lowest rates. 112 Federal street, Allegheny.

3 GEO. BEAVEN.

Sheriff's Sale Continued.—To-morrow (Tuesday,) at 9 o'clock A. M. and 1:30 P. M. will be sold at 55 and 57 Fifth avenue, the entire stock of dry goods, notions, hosiery, straw hats, table and pocket cutlery, soaps, new desks, tables and chairs, office desks, clock, &c., &c. Also about 3,000 yards new ingrain and other carpets. Dealers will find it to their interest to attend, as the goods are put up in quantities. S. B. CLULY, Sheriff.

Peace Jubilee.—Now that the great peace jubilee, in singing, has past and gone, the next will be in the eating line. S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, is the leading spirit. He has on hand the best Jubilee Cakes made, expressly for the trade. If you want peace in the family and jubilee at the table, ask your grocer for Marvin's Jubilee Cakes. For sale by all grocers, and at 91 Liberty street.

The indefatigable G. W. Hubley has had his own irreversible prejudices against all Washing Machines, completely reversed in favor of *The Empire Clothes Washer*, by tests in his own and other families, and has secured only a few for his customers. They are worthy of a trial, M

Fine Six Acre Lot at Fleming.—A beautiful lot of six acres will be sold at Fleming Station, on Wednesday next at two o'clock. Fleming is now the center of attraction on the Fort Wayne road. It is only seven miles down and finely situated on the river. Particulars of A. Leggate, Auctioneer, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

Peace Jubilee.—Now that the great peace jubilee, in singing, has past and gone, the next will be in the eating line, S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, is the leading spirit. He has on hand the best Jubilee Cakes made, expressly for the trade. If you want peace in the family and jubilee at the table, ask your grocers for Marvin's Jubilee Cakes. For sale by all grocers, and at 91 Liberty street.

No. 91 Liberty Street.—This is the number Marvin's Celebrated Cracker Bakery is located at. Marvin has on hand the most complete stock of Crackers, Cream, Wine, Soda, Oyster, Water, Butter, Sugar and fancy, of any house in the city. Remember his No. 91 Liberty street.

Extra Quality Bleached and Unbleached Muslins at 12½ cents. Bates & Bell.

No. 91 Liberty Street.—This is the number Marvin's Celebrated Cracker Bakery is located at. Marvin has on hand the most complete stock of Crackers, Cream, Wine, Soda, Oyster, Water, Butter, Sugar and fancy, of any house in the city. Remember his No., 91 Liberty street.

Special Reductions in Summer Dress Goods. Bates & Bell.

Sheriff's Sale.—The entire stock of Boots, Shoes, Carpets, Cutlery, Dry Goods, Furniture and Notions, at 55 and 57 Fifth avenue, will be sold to-day at 9 A. M., and continuing at 1½ P. M. Sale without any reserve whatever.

S. B. CLULEY, Sheriff.

The Place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Acker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Economical, Reliable, the Best.

We mean DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER It is superior to all others in the market. Free from any injurious substances, and so nicely compounded that the contents of each box will make light, sweet, healthy biscuits, rolls, pastry, &c., with uniform success. Only two teaspoonfuls to a quart of flour is necessary, while those of ordinary manufacture require from one-third to a half more. Ask your grocer for Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder, and take no other. Try it and be convinced. MWF

"Fresh as a Maiden's Blush" is the pure peachy Complexion which follows the use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. It is the True Secret of Beauty. Fashionable Ladies in Society understand this.

The Magnolia Balm changes the rustic Country Girl into a City Belle more rapidly than any other one thing.

Redness, Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Blotches and all effects of the Summer Sun disappear when it is used, and a genial, cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

USE NOTHING but Lyon's Kathairon to dress the Hair. MWFF.

Peace Jubilee.—Now that the great peace jubilee, in singing, has past and gone, the next will be in the eating line. S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, is the leading spirit. He has on hand the best Jubilee Cakes made, expressly for the trade. If you want peace in the family and jubilee at the table, ask your grocers for Marvin's Jubilee Cakes. For sale by all grocers and at 91 Liberty street.

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists. M

No. 91 Liberty Street.—This is the number Marvin's Celebrated Cracker Bakery is located at. Marvin has on hand the most complete stock of Crakers, Cream, Wine, Soda, Oyster, Water, Butter, Sugar and fancy, of any house in the city. Remember his No., 91 Liberty street.

Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Parasols and Ladies' Undergarments, in full assortment and attractive plaids. Bates & Bell.

Japanese Silks assorted plaids. Bates & Bell.

DIED:

THAW—At 5 o'clock P. M Sunday, July 4th, 1869, ALBERT COPLEY, infant son of William and Mary C. Thaw.

Funeral at 10½ o'clock TUESDAY MORNING, 6th inst., from residence of his parents, 51st street, formerly Pitt street.

McKEON—Sunday morning at 5 o'clock, JOHN McKEON, in the 68th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Grant street, near Sixth avenue, on TUESDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GORMLY—On Sabbath evening, July 4th, at 8 o'clock, THOMAS WILSON, infant son of William M. and Lizzie Gormly.

Funeral from No. 58 Centre avenue, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, to proceed to Allegheny Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

McKNIGHT—On Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Mrs. MARY McKNIGHT, wife of E. McKnight, Esq., aged 41 years.

The friends of the family are cordially invited to attend her funeral TO-DAY, at 2 o'clock, from her husband's residence Wilkinsburg. Carriages leave Moreland & Mitchell's livery stable, Liberty street, at 2½ noon.

UNDERTAKERS

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPE, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. R. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., John Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

BECOMING POPULAR.

THE UNITED STATES WATCH CO'S KEY & PENDANT WINDING

WATCHES.

The best watch made, and by far the most convenient. Call and examine them at

W. G. DUNSEATH'S,

56 FIFTH AVENUE,

OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

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AGENCY FOR PETER SQUIRE'S, LONDON,

CELEBRATED CHEMICALS.

SOAP,

Containing 40 per cent. Pure Glycerine.

EFFERVESCING PREPARATIONS

Such as Bi Carb Potassa, Vichy Salt, Kissinge Salt, Seidlitz Powder, Citrate Magnesia, Citrat Iron and Quinine, Iodide Potassae, Carbonat Lithia, &c. Also, agent F. A. Sarg's Vienna Glycerine Soap, and Brecknell's, London, Ski Soap.

SIMON JOHNSTON,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

je10

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,

mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,

No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and put and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET